2009 Injury Data Book

Fatal and Nonfatal Injuries Among Massachusetts Residents









Deval L. Patrick, Governor

John W. Polanowicz, Secretary
Executive Office of Health and Human Services

Cheryl Bartlett, RN, Commissioner Massachusetts Department of Public Health

Jerry O'Keefe, Director Bureau of Health Information, Statistics, Research, and Evaluation

Victoria Ozonoff, Director Injury Surveillance Program NT OF PUBLIC

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Purpose of Report

This publication is intended as a reference document. It provides basic counts and rates on a broad range of injury topics using death data and data submitted by Massachusetts acute care hospitals. Highlighted in the report are fall-related injuries, motor vehicle injuries, traumatic brain injuries, poisonings/overdoses, suicide and self-inflicted injuries, and homicide and assault-related injuries by state, county and Community Health Network Area (CHNA).

The Injury Surveillance Program publishes additional data tables, reports and bulletins on selected injury causes on-line at: http://www.mass.gov/dph/isp

Resources

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To obtain a hard copy of this report or to request custom data reports, please contact the Injury Surveillance Program at:

Phone: 617-624-5648 or 617-624-5665

E-mail: MDPH-ISP@state.ma.us

or write to us at:

Massachusetts Department of Public Health

Bureau of Health Information, Statistics, Research, and Evaluation

Injury Surveillance Program

250 Washington Street, 6th Floor

Boston, MA 02108

Selected injury data are also available from the Department's free query system, MassCHIP.

For more information about downloading MassCHIP, visit their website at:

http://masschip.state.ma.us/

Additional Department publications and materials can be accessed on-line at:

http://www.state.ma.us/dph/pubstats.htm

For information on how to prevent injuries, contact the Injury Prevention and Control Program at 617-624-5544, or on-line at:

http://www.mass.gov/dph/fch/injury

Technical Notes

Injury Parameters

Injuries may be classified according to the external cause of the injury (e.g. a fall, drowning) and intent (e.g. unintentional, self-inflicted) or by the nature of the injury (e.g. laceration, fracture) and anatomical location (e.g. head, hip).

In this report, injuries are classified by cause and intent using the International Classification of Diseases (ICD) system. Current standards use ICD-10 to classify fatal injuries and ICD-9 external-cause-of-injury (E-codes) to classify nonfatal injuries. Please see appendices A and B for the morbidity and mortality code groupings used in this report.

Data Sources and Inclusion Criteria

Injury Fatalities

Source: Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MA Department of Public Health.

An injury death is defined as:

any death with an ICD-10 code of V01-Y36, Y40-Y89, U01-U03 in the underlying cause field. This includes Adverse Effects of Medical Care and Drugs.

Nonfatal Injury-Related Hospital Discharges

Source: MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database, MA Division of Health Care Finance and Policy.

An injury-related hospital discharge case is defined as:

any case having an ICD9-CM Nature of Injury Code of: 800-908, 9090-9092, 9094, 9099, 910-994, 99550-99559, 99580-99585, assigned to any of the ICD9 diagnosis fields.

Injury-related hospital discharge cases transferred to another acute care hospital or who subsequently died in the hospital were excluded from these analyses.

Nonfatal Injury-Related Observation Stays

Source: MA Outpatient Observation Stay Database, MA Division of Health Care Finance and Policy.

This database contains cases where a hospital bed is used for observation. Such cases are *not* included in the hospital discharge database.

An injury-related observation stay is defined as:

any case having an ICD9-CM Nature of Injury Code of: 800-908, 9090-9092, 9094, 9099, 910-994, 99550-99559, 99580-99585, assigned to any of the ICD9 diagnosis fields.

Injury-related observation stay cases who subsequently died were excluded from these analyses.

Technical Notes

Nonfatal Injury-Related Emergency Department (ED) Visits

Source: MA Outpatient Emergency Department Discharge Database, MA Division of Health Care Finance and Policy.

This database contains individuals discharged from any acute care emergency department in Massachusetts. These cases are *not* included in the hospital discharge or observation stay databases.

An emergency department injury-related case is defined as:

any case having an ICD9-CM Nature of Injury Code of: 800-908, 9090-9092, 9094, 9099, 910-994, 99550-99559, 99580-99585, assigned to any of the ICD9 diagnosis fields.

Patients who died in the emergency department or were dead-on-arrival (DOA) were not included in these analyses.

Population Data Source

National Center for Health Statistics. Postcensal estimates of the resident population of the United States for July 1, 2000-July 1, 2009, by year, county, age, bridged race, Hispanic origin, and sex (Vintage 2009). Prepared under a collaborative arrangement with the U.S. Census Bureau; released June 20, 2010. Available from: http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nyss/bridged race.htm

Massachusetts Residency

Analyses for *injury deaths* include Massachusetts residents who died in or out-of-state; out-of state residents who died in Massachusetts are not included.

Analyses of *nonfatal injuries* include Massachusetts residents treated in a Massachusetts acute care hospital. Residency is based on patient's state, city/town and ZIP code. Massachusetts residents treated at out-of-state hospitals and non-Massachusetts residents were *not* included.

External Cause of Injury (E-Code) Rates

In hospital discharge data, 94.6% of cases for which one of the diagnostic fields was coded as an injury had an external cause of injury code provided. In observation stay data the percentage was 76.6%, and in emergency department discharge data, the percentage was 99.1%. Overall, E-Codes were assigned to 98.5% of all injury-related cases.

Data Limitations and Exclusions

<u>Limitations of Small Numbers</u>: Cells in some tables contain small numbers. Rates and proportions based on less than 5 deaths and less than 7 nonfatal injuries (based on MA Division of Health Care, Finance, and Policy guidelines) are suppressed. Rates based upon small numbers (<20) should be interpreted cautiously as rates can fluctuate greatly from year to year with even a small increase or decrease in the number of cases.

<u>Exclusions</u>: Due to data quality issues, the external cause of injury codes (E-Codes) for two hospitals were excluded from all ED analysis between 2002 and 2007. Total injury counts presented in this report include primary diagnostic codes for these hospitals, but associated diagnostic codes have been excluded.

Technical Notes

Rates

All rates reported (i.e., crude, age-adjusted, and age-specific) are per 100,000 individuals.

Crude Rate

The crude rate represents the number of health events occurring in a specified population over a specified time period.

Age-Specific Rate

A rate for a specified age group is calculated by dividing the actual number of cases in a given year for a specific age group by the population in that age group for that year. The numerator (number of cases) and the denominator (population) refer to the same age group. For example:

Age-Adjusted Rate

Age-adjusted rates are designed to minimize distortions created by different age distributions when comparing rates in different subpopulations or across time or geographic areas. Age-adjusted rates are calculated by weighting the age-specific rates for a given year by the age distribution of a standard population. The weighted age-specific rates are then added to produce the adjusted rate for all ages combined.

Average Annual Percent Change (AAPC)

The Average Annual Percent Change (AAPC) used in the trend tables is a measure of the change in rates over a specified time period. The Joinpoint Regression Program was used to calculate AAPCs and whether they were statistically significant. More information about the Joinpoint Regression Program can be found at: http://surveillance.cancer.gov/joinpoint/

Tests for Statistical Significance

Tests for statistical significance were only used in the JoinPoint analysis of trend data, i.e. changes in rates over time. Tests of statistical significance were not used in the comparison of rates by gender, age group and geographic area. The terms "higher", "lower" and "highest" are used as descriptive terms in comparisons of rates by gender, age group and geographic area and are not based on statistical tests.

Injury Classifications

Injuries are classified according to specific codes in the International Classification of Diseases (ICD) Manual. These codes provide information on the "intent" of the injury (e.g., assault-related, intentionally self-inflicted, unintentional), "cause" of the injury, (e.g., fall or motor vehicle crash) and the "nature and anatomic location" of the injury (e.g., multiple fractures involving skull or face, dislocation of hip).

Intent of Injury¹

- Unintentional ("Accidental")
- Suicide/Self-inflicted
- Homicide/Assault-related
- Other/Legal
- Undetermined Intent
- Adverse Effects

External Cause of Injury

(Examples)

- Fall
- Firearm
- Poisoning/Drug overdose
- Motor vehicle
- Fire/burn
- Drowning
- Cut/pierce
- Machinery
- · Struck by or against an object
- Suffocation/hanging

Nature and Anatomical Location of Injury

(Examples)

- Fracture of skull
- Open wound to the chest
- · Sprain to ankle
- Dislocation to shoulder
- Internal injury to abdomen
- Burn to upper back
- Crushing injury of forearm
- · Foreign body in trachea

The term "suicide" refers to *completed* or fatal suicides. Nonfatal self-inflicted injuries include both suicide attempts and other self-injurious behavior, such as cutting or burning oneself, which may not be suicidal. The ICD-9-CM codes used to classify self-inflicted injuries currently do not distinguish between different types of self-inflicted injuries.

Homicide is defined as any death purposefully inflicted by one person against one or more other persons. This category excludes deaths resulting from legal intervention such as police actions. Assault-related injuries are purposefully inflicted by one person against one or more other persons but do not result in death. Legal intervention (e.g., police actions) are excluded from this category.

Other/Legal intent includes injuries sustained from operations related to war and legal interventions such as police actions.

Undetermined intent includes injuries for which there is not enough information to make a determination of intent.

Adverse effects from drugs and medical procedures also fall within the scope of injury and are presented in totals and all overview tables.

¹ Unintentional injuries refer to those for which there was no intent to injure or harm oneself or another person. Unintentional intent is sometimes referred to as "accidental". However, we typically do not use this term since injuries are not "random" or chance events; they are *predictable and preventable.*

MA Injury Data Key Findings, 2009

- In 2009, an average of 8 MA residents died every day from injuries. Table 2.
- Injuries were the *third leading* cause of death overall and the *leading* cause of death among MA residents ages 1 through 44 when all intents are combined (e.g., unintentional, homicide, suicide, etc.) Table 1.
- There were 2,920 injury deaths to MA residents and 775,783 nonfatal injuries treated in MA acute care hospitals. Nonfatal injuries include hospital discharges, observation stays and emergency department (ED) visits. Table 2.
- In 2009, the age-adjusted rate of fatal and nonfatal injuries combined was 11,898.3 per 100,000 MA residents. Table 2
- Of the 2,920 injury deaths in MA in 2009, 70% were associated with unintentional injuries, 18% were suicides and 6% were homicides. Table 4.
- Charges for injury-related hospitalizations in 2009 exceeded \$1.7 billion. Table 8.

Differences by Gender and Age Group

- The injury death rate for MA males was 150% higher than for MA females (age-adjusted rates of 60.3 and 24.0 per 100,000 respectively). Table 2.
- These higher injury rates by gender were greatest among male infants under age one (234% higher), young adult males ages 15-24 (214% higher) and men ages 25-44 (237% higher). Table 3.
- Adults ages 85+ had the highest rates of fatal (268.1 per 100,000) and nonfatal injuries (21,956.4 per 100,000) compared to other age groups. Table 3
- Children ages 1-14 had the lowest rate of injury deaths (2.5 per 100,000), whereas infants under age one had the lowest rate of nonfatal injuries (7,215.9 per 100,000). Table 3.

Injury Rates by Geographic Area

MA counties with the highest age-adjusted rates of fatal and nonfatal injury combined were: Table 9.

- Dukes (21,005.2 per 100,000)
- Berkshire (20,213.8 per 100,000)
- Nantucket (20,073.4 per 100,000)
- Barnstable (16,251.1 per 100,000)

MA Community Health Network Areas (CHNAs) with the highest age-adjusted rates of fatal and nonfatal injury combined were: Table 11.

- The Community Health Network of Berkshire (18,965.0 per 100,000)
- Partners for Healthier Communities Fall River Region (17,557.6 per 100,000)
- Cape and Islands Health Network (15,335.7 per 100,000)
- Upper Valley Health Web Franklin County (15,140.2 per 100,000)
- Greater New Bedford Community Health Network (15,049.6 per 100,000)

Unintentional Injury

Poisonings/overdoses were the leading cause of unintentional injury deaths. Falls were the leading cause of nonfatal unintentional injuries. Table 6

Of the \$1.7 billion in total hospital charges for injury-related hospitalizations in MA in 2009, three-quarters (75%) or \$1.3 billion were associated with unintentional injuries. Table 8.

Of hospitalizations for unintentional injuries, injuries to motorcyclists had the highest median charges (\$29,789 per discharge) and falls accounted for the highest total hospital charges (\$746 million). Table 8.

Trends in Unintentional Fall-related Injury, Table 13.

Overall unintentional fall death rates increased 13.2% per year in MA between 2002 and 2009. This was partly due to increased identification of fall deaths by the Medical Examiner's Office after 2005.

Between 2002 and 2009, the overall rate of hospital stays for unintentional fall injuries increased 1.9% per year, while there was no significant change in the overall rate of ED visits for such injuries.

Trends in Unintentional Motor Vehicle-related Injury, Table 14.

Rates of unintentional MV-related death and injury decreased significantly in MA between 2002 and 2009. Death rates for such injuries decreased 6.7% per year, hospital stay rates decreased 4.3% per year, and ED visit rates for unintentional MV-related injuries decreased 6.8% per year during this time period.

Trends in Unintentional Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), Table 15.

Rates of death and injury from unintentional traumatic brain injury (TBI) increased significantly in MA between 2002 and 2009. The death rate from unintentional TBIs increased 10.1% per year, hospital stay rates increased 2.8% per year, and rates of ED visits for unintentional TBIs increased 8.4% per year during this time period.

Trends in Unintentional/Undetermined Opioid Overdoses, Table 16.

Rates of fatal and nonfatal opioid overdoses of unintentional/undetermined intent increased significantly in MA between 2002 and 2009. Death rates for such opioid overdoses increased 3.9% per year, hospital stay rates increased 5.0% per year, and ED visit rates for opioid overdoses of unintentional/undetermined intent increased 3.7% per year during this time period.

Suicide and Self-Inflicted Injury

- The leading cause of suicide was suffocation/hanging and the leading cause of nonfatal self-inflicted injuries were poisonings/overdoses. Table 6.
- Suicide rates were 4 times higher among MA males than females (13.2 vs. 3.2 per 100,000), being highest among males ages 45-64 (21.9 per 100,000). Rates of nonfatal self-inflicted injury, however, were slightly higher among MA females than males (191.8 vs. 151.1 per 100,000), being highest among females ages 15-24 (520.2 per 100,000). Table 5.
- Among self-inflicted injuries, firearm injuries had the highest median charges (\$66,458 per discharge) and poisonings/overdoses accounted for the highest total hospital charges (\$60 million). Table 8.

Trends in Suicide and Self-inflicted Injury, Table 17.

- The overall rate of suicide and hospital stays for nonfatal self-inflicted injuries increased significantly in MA between 2002 and 2009, with suicide rates increasing 3.1% per year and hospital stay rates increasing 1.0% per year. There was no significant change in the overall rate of ED visits for nonfatal self-inflicted injuries.
- Rates of suicide and hospital stays for self-inflicted injuries increased the most among MA residents ages 45-64, increasing by 6.3% and 4.4% per year respectively.
- The hospital stay rate for self-inflicted injuries decreased 2.8% per year among MA teens ages 15-19. This was the only age group for whom self-inflicted injury rates decreased.

Homicide and Assault-related Injury

The leading cause of homicide were firearms and the leading cause of nonfatal assault-related injuries was being struck by or against an object. Table 6.

Homicide rates were 3 times higher among MA males than females (4.1 vs. 1.4 per 100,000). Nonfatal assault-related injury rates were twice as high among males than females (566.1 vs. 284.2 per 100,000). Males ages 15-24 had the highest rates of both homicide (11.4 per 100,000) and nonfatal assault-related injuries (1,484.7 per 100,000). Table 5.

Among hospitalizations for assault-related injuries, firearm injuries had the highest median charges (\$29,603). Total hospital charges for such firearm injuries (\$16 million) were only exceeded by total hospital charges for being struck by or against an object (\$17 million). Table 8.

Trends in Homicide and Assault-related Injury, Table 18.

Between 2002 and 2009, the hospital stay rate for assault-related injuries among MA residents increased 3.6% per year. There were no significant changes, however, in the overall homicide rate or ED visit rate for assault-related injuries among MA residents during this time period.

The two age groups for which such hospital stay rates increased were MA residents ages 25-44 (4.5% per year increase) and 45-64 (7.1% per year increase).

Overview: 2009

Table 1. Leading Causes of Death by Age Group, MA Residents, 2009

Book				Age G	roups (numbe	er of deaths)			
Rank	<1 year	1-14 years	15-24 years	25-44 years	45-64 years	65-74 years	75-84 years	85+ years	All Ages
1	Short gestation and LBW (83)	Cancer (21)	Unintentional Injuries (180)	Unintentional Injuries (526)	Cancer (3,257)	Cancer (3,030)	Cancer (3,846)	Heart Disease (5,565)	Cancer (13,042)
2	Congenital malformations (57)	Unintentional Injuries (17)	Homicide (67)	Cancer (333)	Heart Disease (1,665)	Heart Disease (1,444)	Heart Disease (3,296)	Cancer (2,530)	Heart Disease (12,233)
3	SIDS (34)	Congenital malformations (10)	Suicide (50)	Heart Disease (234)	Unintentional Injuries (575)	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (497)	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (923)	Stroke (1,313)	Total Injuries - All Intents (2,920)
4	Pregnancy Complications (26)	Heart Disease (6)	Cancer (24)	Suicide (178)	Chronic liver disease (296)	Stroke (245)	Stroke (745)	Alzheimer's Disease (1,132)	Stroke (2,552)
5	Complications of placenta (15)	III-defined conditions (6)	Heart Disease (20)	Homicide (73)	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (261)	Diabetes (201)	Alzheimer's Disease (471)	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (844)	Chronic Lower Respiratory Disease (2,546)
6	Respiratory distress (12)	Influenza & Pneumonia (5)	III-defined conditions (15)	Chronic liver disease (47)	Suicide (240)	Nephritis (177)	Nephritis (374)	Influenza & Pneumonia (706)	Alzheimer's Disease (1,690)
7	Bacterial sepsis of newborn (10)	Homicide (5)	Congenital malformations (10)	Stroke (45)	Diabetes (220)	Unintentional Injuries (136)	Influenza & Pneumonia (363)	Nephritis (588)	Influenza & Pneumonia (1,335)
8	Neonatal hemorrhage (9)	Injuries of Undetermined Intent (3)	Influenza & Pneumonia (7)	III-defined conditions (44)	Stroke (200)	Influenza & Pneumonia (120)	Diabetes (276)	Unintentional Injuries (357)	Nephritis (1,267)
9	Hematological disorders (5)	Septicemia (2)	Injuries of Undetermined Intent (7)	Injuries of Undetermined Intent (32)	Nephritis (114)	Septicemia (112)	Septicemia (241)	Septicemia (277)	Diabetes (995)
10	Necrotizing entercolitis (5)	Other infection (2)	Other infection (3)	HIV/AIDS (31)	Influenza & Pneumonia (109)	Chronic liver disease (108)	Unintentional Injuries (239)	Pneumonitis (270)	Septicemia (753)

Source: Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH

Table 2. Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Rates¹ by Sex, MA Residents, 2009

		Nonfatal Ho	spital Stays	Nonfotal ED		
	Deaths	Nonfatal Hospital Discharges	Nonfatal Observation Stays	Nonfatal ED Visits	Total	
Males						
Number	1,944	29,341	5,387	381,643	418,315	
Crude rate	60.7	915.5	168.1	11,907.8	13,052.0	
Age-adjusted rate	60.3	927.7	168.5	12,068.8	13,225.2	
Females						
Number	976	32,352	5,405	321,636	360,369	
Crude rate	28.8	954.7	159.5	9,491.7	10,634.7	
Age-adjusted rate	24.0	776.4	139.5	9,591.2	10,531.1	
Injury Totals						
Number	2,920	61,694	10,792	703,297	778,703	
Crude rate	44.3	935.7	163.7	10,666.4	11,810.0	
Age-adjusted rate	41.4	856.4	155.3	10,845.2	11,898.3	

^{1.} Crude and age-adjusted rates are per 100,000 residents.

Table 3. Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Cases by Sex and Age Group, MA Residents, 2009

	Dea	ths	Nonfatal Ho	spital Stays	Nonfatal	ED Visits	Tot	tal
	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate ¹
Males ²	1,944	60.7	34,728	1,083.6	381,643	11,907.8	418,315	13,052.0
<1	7	17.7	310	785.7	2,604	6,599.6	2,921	7,403.0
1-14	16	2.9	1,782	317.6	75,328	13,423.4	77,126	13,743.8
15-24	235	50.5	3,646	784.1	81,340	17,492.1	85,221	18,326.7
25-44	630	70.7	7,297	819.0	118,971	13,353.0	126,898	14,242.7
45-64	639	72.6	10,121	1,149.6	75,657	8,593.7	86,417	9,816.0
65-74	117	57.0	3,511	1,709.7	12,889	6,276.5	16,517	8,043.3
75-84	161	132.3	4,623	3,798.1	9,761	8,019.4	14,545	11,949.8
85+	138	337.1	3,438	8,399.3	5,092	12,440.1	8,668	21,176.6
Females ²	976	28.8	37,757	1,114.2	321,636	9,491.7	360,369	10,634.7
<1	2		251	665.4	2,394	6,349.4	2,647	7,020.1
1-14	12	2.2	1,070	198.8	52,326	9,723.1	53,408	9,924.2
15-24	74	16.1	2,200	478.7	56,764	12,350.8	59,038	12,845.6
25-44	188	21.0	4,582	511.2	92,063	10,270.5	96,833	10,802.7
45-64	252	27.1	7,704	828.2	72,129	7,753.8	80,085	8,609.1
65-74	75	30.6	4,359	1,777.5	16,326	6,657.4	20,760	8,465.5
75-84	131	72.6	8,307	4,602.4	16,710	9,258.1	25,148	13,933.1
85+	242	240.1	9,284	9,211.2	12,923	12,821.7	22,449	22,273.0
Total ³	2,920	44.3	72,486	1,099.3	703,297	10,666.4	778,703	11,810.0
<1	9	11.7	561	726.9	4,998	6,477.3	5,568	7,215.9
1-14	28	2.5	2,852	259.4	127,656	11,612.2	130,536	11,874.2
15-24	309	33.4	5,847	632.4	138,106	14,936.7	144,262	15,602.5
25-44	818	45.8	11,879	664.6	211,038	11,807.3	223,735	12,517.7
45-64	891	49.2	17,825	984.5	147,795	8,162.7	166,511	9,196.4
65-74	192	42.6	7,870	1,746.6	29,216	6,484.0	37,278	8,273.3
75-84	292	96.6	12,930	4,278.5	26,471	8,759.2	39,693	13,134.3
85+	380	268.1	12,722	8,976.7	18,015	12,711.5	31,117	21,956.4

^{1.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents. Per DHCFP confidentiality rules, numbers and rates for less than 7 nonfatal injuries and rates for less than 5 deaths are suppressed. Rates based on counts <20 may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

^{2.} Total includes cases for which age was unknown or missing.

^{3.} Total includes cases for which age and/or sex was unknown or missing.

Table 4. Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Cases by Intent, MA Residents, 2009

	Deaths I		Nonfatal Hospital Stays		Nonfatal	ED Visits	Total	
Intent of Injury	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate ¹	Number	Rate ¹
Unintentional	2,034	30.8	55,350	839.5	656,979	9,963.9	714,363	10,834.2
Suicide and Self-Inflicted	531	8.1	4,671	70.8	6,674	101.2	11,876	180.1
Homicide and Assault	180	2.7	2,517	38.2	25,260	383.1	27,957	424.0
Undetermined Intent	103	1.6	964	14.6	6,404	97.1	7,471	113.3
Other/Legal	9	0.1	55	0.8	607	9.2	671	10.2
Adverse effects	63	1.0	3,264	49.5	1,376	20.9	4,703	71.3
Injury code is incomplete or missing ²	0	0.0	5,665	85.9	5,997	91.0	11,662	176.9
Total	2,920	44.3	72,486	1099.3	703,297	10,666.4	778,703	11,810.0

^{1.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents. Rates based on counts <20 may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH; Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

^{2.} The ICD-9-CM external cause of injury code was either incomplete or missing.

Table 5. Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Cases¹ by Intent, Sex and Age Group, MA Residents, 2009

		Unin	tentional			Suicide/Self-Inflicted				Homicide	Assaults	
	Dea	ths	Nonfatal	Injuries	Dea	aths	Nonfatal	Injuries	Dea	ths	Nonfatal	Injuries
	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²	Number	Rate ²
Males ³	1,287	40.2	380,020	11,857.2	422	13.2	4,844	151.1	131	4.1	18,144	566.1
<1	3		2,780	7,045.6	0	0.0	1		0	0.0	35	88.7
1-14	12	2.1	75,380	13,432.7	1		118	21.0	1		791	141.0
15-24	135	29.0	74,716	16,067.6	37	8.0	1,330	286.0	53	11.4	6,904	1,484.7
25-44	397	44.6	112,604	12,638.3	145	16.3	2,144	240.6	60	6.7	7,309	820.3
45-64	401	45.5	78,093	8,870.4	193	21.9	1,150	130.6	12	1.4	2,904	329.9
65-74	85	41.4	15,283	7,442.3	19	9.3	63	30.7	4		144	70.1
75-84	128	105.2	13,321	10,944.1	21	17.3	24	19.7	1		40	32.9
85+	126	307.8	7,843	19,161.0	5	12.2	14	34.2	0	0.0	17	41.5
Females ³	747	22.0	332,292	9,806.2	109	3.2	6,501	191.8	49	1.4	9,631	284.2
<1	1		2,532	6,712.6	0	0.0	0	0.0	1		33	87.5
1-14	5	0.9	51,959	9,654.9	1		370	68.8	4		490	91.1
15-24	45	9.8	51,680	11,244.6	13	2.8	2,391	520.2	14	3.0	3,367	732.6
25-44	129	14.4	87,240	9,732.5	33	3.7	2,412	269.1	13	1.5	4,201	468.7
45-64	174	18.7	74,609	8,020.4	47	5.1	1,200	129.0	10	1.1	1,400	150.5
65-74	51	20.8	19,580	7,984.3	10	4.1	71	29.0	3		79	32.2
75-84	111	61.5	23,639	13,097.1	4		44	24.4	2		33	18.3
85+	231	229.2	21,052	20,887.0	1		13	12.9	2		28	27.8
Total⁴	2,034	30.8	712,329	10,803.4	531	8.1	11,345	172.1	180	2.7	27,777	421.3
<1	4		5,312	6,882.9	0	0.0	1		1		68	88.1
1-14	17	1.5	127,341	11,583.5	2		488	44.4	5	0.5	1,281	116.5
15-24	180	19.5	126,398	13,670.4	50	5.4	3,721	402.4	67	7.2	10,272	1,111.0
25-44	526	29.4	199,847	11,181.2	178	10.0	4,556	254.9	73	4.1	11,511	644.0
45-64	575	31.8	152,711	8,434.2	240	13.3	2,350	129.8	22	1.2	4,304	237.7
65-74	136	30.2	34,864	7,737.5	29	6.4	134	29.7	7	1.6	223	49.5
75-84	239	79.1	36,960	12,229.9	25	8.3	68	22.5	3		73	24.2
85+	357	251.9	28,895	20,388.5	6	4.2	27	19.1	2		45	31.8

^{1.} Nonfatal injuries include nonfatal hospital discharges, observation stays and emergency department (ED) visits.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH; Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database, MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

^{2.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents. Per DHCFP confidentiality rules, numbers and rates for less than 7 nonfatal injuries and rates for less than 5 deaths are suppressed. Rates based on counts <20 may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

^{3.} Total includes cases for which age was unknown or missing.

^{4.} Total includes cases for which age and/or sex was unknown or missing.

Table 6. Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Cases by Intent and Selected Causes, MA Residents, 2009

Intent and Cause	Deaths	Hospital Stays (nonfatal)	ED Visits (nonfatal)		Total Cases [°]	
	Number	Number	Number	Total Injury Count	Rate ²	Case Fatality Ratio (%) 3
Total Unintentional Injuries	2,034	55,350	656,979	714,363	10,834.2	0.3%
Fall	491	31,841	193,286	225,618	3,421.8	0.2%
Struck by or against an object	12	1,641	101,915	103,568	1,570.7	0.0%
Transport Injuries:	399	5,563	80,734	86,696	1,314.9	0.5%
Motor vehicle (MV)	347	4,299	67,472	72,118	1,093.8	0.5%
MV Injury to occupant⁴	227	2,877	60,318	63,422	961.9	0.4%
MV Injury to pedestrian	59	666	3,371	4,096	62.1	1.4%
MV Injury to motorcyclist	57	547	2,402	3,006	45.6	1.9%
MV Injury to pedal cyclist	4	178	1,142	1,324	20.1	0.3%
MV Injury to other person	0	31	239	270	4.1	0.0%
Pedal cyclist, non-traffic	8	566	8,290	8,864	134.4	0.1%
Pedestrian, non-traffic	9	47	466	522	7.9	1.7%
Other transport	35	651	4,506	5,192	78.7	0.7%
Overexertion	0	1,231	78,004	79,235	1,201.7	0.0%
Cut/pierce	2	678	62,356		956.0	0.0%
Natural/environmental	14	1,412	29,753	31,179	472.9	0.0%
Poisoning/overdose	767	3,292	7,419		174.1	6.7%
Fire/burn total	22	582	9,268	9,872	149.7	0.2%
Burns, hot object/substance	1	380	7,756	8,137	123.4	0.0%
Fire/flame	21	202	1,512	1,735	26.3	1.2%
Machinery	8	204	3,194	3,406		0.2%
Hanging, strangulation, or suffocation	112	643	443	1,198	18.2	9.3%
Firearm	1	35	180	216	3.3	0.5%
Drowning or near drowning/submersion	38	40	137	215	3.3	17.7%
Other or unspecified causes	168	8,188	90,290	98,646	1,496.1	0.2%

^{1.} Totals include fatal and nonfatal injury cases among MA residents.

Case fatality-ratio is presented here as a percent.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH; Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

^{2.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents. Rates based on counts <20 may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

The number and rate of nonfatal injuries for counts less than 7 are suppressed based on the DHCFP rules pertaining to confidentiality.

^{3.} The case fatality ratio (number of fatal injury cases among the total number of fatal and nonfatal injuries) is based only on Massachusetts residents who died in Massachusetts and those treated within a MA acute care hospital.

^{4.} Occupants includes drivers, passengers, and unspecified persons.

Table 6. Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Cases by Intent and Selected Causes, MA Residents, 2009

(continued)

Intent and Cause	Deaths	Hospital Stays (nonfatal)	ED Visits (nonfatal)		Total Cases	
	Number	Number	Number	Total Injury Count	Rate ²	Case Fatality Ratio (%) 3
Total Suicides/Self-inflicted Injuries	531	4,671	6,674	11,876	180.1	4.5%
Poisoning/overdose	122	3,781	3,392	7,295		
Cut/Pierce	13	571	2432	3016		0.4%
Hanging, strangulation, or suffocation	257	42	92	391	5.9	65.7%
Firearm	89	12	3	104		
Fall	17	34	28	79		21.5%
Other or unspecified causes	33	231	727	991	15.0	3.3%
Total Homicides/Assaults	180	2,517	25,260	27,957	424.0	0.6%
Struck by or against an object	3	823	13,294	14120	214.1	0.0%
Cut/pierce	36	536	1,600	2,172	32.9	
Firearm	108	300	191	599	9.1	18.0%
Other or unspecified causes	33	858	10,175	11,066	167.8	0.3%
Total Injuries of Undetermined Intent	103	964	6,404	7,471	113.3	
Poisoning/overdose	50	689	2,887	3,626	55.0	1.4%
Firearm	3	36	41	80	1.2	3.8%
Fall	3	13	61	77	1.2	3.9%
Drowning or near drowning/submersion	17			21	0.3	81.0%
Other or unspecified causes	30	225	3,412	3,667	55.6	0.8%
Total Injuries of other causes/intents	72	3,319	1,983	5,374	81.5	1.3%
Injury code is incomplete or missing	0	5,665	5,997	11,662	176.9	0.0%
Total Injuries	2,920	72,486	703,297	778,703	11,810.0	0.4%

^{1.} Totals include fatal and nonfatal injury cases among MA residents.

Case fatality-ratio is presented here as a percent.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH; Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

^{2.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents. Rates based on counts <20 may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution. Per DHCFP confidentiality rules, numbers and rates for less than 7 nonfatal injuries and rates for less than 5 deaths are suppressed.

^{3.} The case fatality ratio (number of fatal injury cases among the total number of fatal and nonfatal injuries) is based only on Massachusetts residents who died in Massachusetts and those treated within a MA acute care hospital.

Table 7. Leading Causes of Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Cases¹ by Age Group, MA Residents, 2009

Λαο	Dea	ths		Nonfatal H	ospital Stays		Nonfatal ED Visits			
Age	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	
	Suffocation	2		Fall	177	229.3	Fall	2,779	3,600.8	
	Homicide	1		Assault	47	60.9	Struck by	578	748.9	
year	Drowning;			Suffocation	32	41.5	Fire/burn	176	228.0	
< 1 ye	Fire/burn; Poisoning	1 each		Natural/environ.; Poisoning	16 each	20.7	Natural/environ.	160	207.3	
	Other/unknown	3		Other/unknown	273	353.7	Other/unknown	1,305	1,690.9	
	TOTAL ⁵	9	11.7	TOTAL ⁵	561	726.9	TOTAL ⁵	4,998	6,476.0	
Age	Dea	ths		Nonfatal H	ospital Stays		Nonfatal	ED Visits		
Age	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	
	Pedestrian ³	4		Fall	303	98.2	Fall	17,301	5,604.9	
Ø	MV-occupant ⁴	2		Poisoning	189	61.2	Struck by	6,877	2,227.9	
years	Fire/burn	2		Natural/environ.	59	19.1	Natural/environ.	2,780	900.6	
- 4 ye	Homicide; Drowning; Fall	1 each		Struck by	52	16.8	Cut/pierce	1,944	629.8	
	Other/unknown	1		Other/unknown	361	117.0	Other/unknown	11,764	3811.1	
	TOTAL ⁵	12	3.9	TOTAL ⁵	964	312.3	TOTAL ⁵	40,666	13,174.4	
Age	Dea	ths		Nonfatal H	ospital Stays		Nonfatal	ED Visits		
Age	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	
	Homicide	4		Fall	360	91.9	Fall	12,645	3,229.3	
2	Fall	1		Struck by	65	16.6	Struck by	8,132	2,076.8	
years	Pedal cyclist ³	1		Pedal cyclist ³	50	12.8	Cut/pierce	2,589	661.2	
6.	Pedestrian ³	1		Natural/environ.	40	10.2	Natural/environ.	2,448	625.2	
	Other/unknown	0	0.0	Other/unknown	310	79.2	Other/unknown	9,470	2,418.5	
	TOTAL ⁵	7	1.8	TOTAL ⁵	825	210.7	TOTAL ⁵	35,284	9,011.0	

^{1.} Causes of unintentional or undetermined intent are combined. Intentional injuries (suicides/self-inflicted injuries or homicides/assaults) are not broken down by cause.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH; Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database, MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

^{2.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents. Per DHCFP confidentiality rules, numbers and rates for less than 7 nonfatal injuries and rates for less than 5 deaths are suppressed. Rates based on counts <20 may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

^{3.} Pedal cyclist and pedestrian causes include both MV and non-MV related cases.

^{4.} MV-occupants include unspecified persons, but not motorcyclists.

^{5.} Total includes cases for which cause was unknown or missing.

Table 7. Number and Rate of Leading Causes of Fatal and Nonfatal Injury-related Cases by Age Group, MA Residents, 2009 (continued)

۸۵۵	Dear	ths		Nonfatal Ho	spital Stays		Nonfatal	ED Visits	
Age	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹
	Suicide	2		Fall	314	78.7	Struck by	15,817	3,963.3
ars.	MV-occupant ⁴	2		Struck by	142	35.6	Fall	13,585	3,404.0
14 years	Drowning; Struck by; Pedal cyclist ³ ;	1 each		Pedal cyclist ³	107	26.8	Overexertion	5,899	1,478.1
•	Poisoning			Self-inflicted	76	19.0	Cut/pierce	3,331	834.7
10	Other/unknown	1		Other/unknown	424	106.2	Other/unknown	13,074	3,276.0
	TOTAL ⁵	9	2.3	TOTAL ⁵	1,063	266.4	TOTAL ⁵	51,706	12,956.0
Age	Dear	ths		Nonfatal Ho	spital Stays		Nonfatal	ED Visits	
Age	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹
40	Homicide	24	5.2	Self-inflicted	492	106.2	Struck by	16,708	3,606.6
ars	MV-occupant ⁴	24	5.2	Fall	345	74.5	Fall	10,766	2,324.0
19 years	Suicide	19	4.1	MV-occupant ⁴	303	65.4	Overexertion	8,224	1,775.3
. 19	Poisoning	6	1.3	Assault	297	64.1	MV-occupant ⁴	7,278	1,571.0
15.	Other/unknown	17	3.7	Other/unknown	1,154	249.1	Other/unknown	24,816	5,356.8
·	TOTAL ⁵	90	19.4	TOTAL ⁵	2,591	559.3	TOTAL ⁵	67,792	14,633.7
Age	Deaths			Nonfatal Ho	spital Stays		Nonfatal	ED Visits	
Age	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹
	Poisoning	63	13.7	Self-inflicted	614	133.1	Fall	11,020	2,388.6
24 years	MV-occupant ⁴	46	10.0	Assault	462	100.1	MV-occupant ⁴	9,892	2,144.1
· ye	Homicide	43	9.3	MV-occupant ⁴	437	94.7	Struck by	9,818	2,128.1
. 24	Suicide	31	6.7	Fall	379	82.2	Overexertion	8,335	1,806.7
20 .	Other/unknown	36	7.8	Other/unknown	1,364	295.7	Other/unknown	31,249	6,773.4
• • •	TOTAL ⁵	219	47.5	TOTAL ⁵	3,256	705.8	TOTAL ⁵	70,314	15,240.9
Ago	Injury Fa	atalities		Nonfatal Ho	spital Stays		Nonfatal	ED Visits	
Age	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹
	Poisoning	368	20.6	Fall	2,070	115.8	Fall	40,330	2,256.4
ars	Suicide	178	10.0	Self-inflicted	1,974	110.4	Overexertion	30,529	1,708.1
44 years	Homicide	73	4.1	Poisoning	1,056	59.1	Struck by	25,258	1,413.2
44	MV-occupant ⁴	55	3.1	Assault	1,052	58.9	MV-occupant ⁴	23,923	1,338.5
25 -	Other/unknown	144	8.1	Other/unknown	5,727	320.4	Other/unknown	90,998	5,091.2
	TOTAL ⁵	818	45.8	TOTAL ⁵	11,879	664.6	TOTAL ⁵	211,038	11,807.3
1 Causas of		nt are combined	Intentional init	ries (suicides/self-inflicted injuries	or homioidos/assau	lte) are not broke			

^{1.} Causes of unintentional or undetermined intent are combined. Intentional injuries (suicides/self-inflicted injuries or homicides/assaults) are not broken down by cause.

Injuries to Massachusetts Residents, 2009.

Section: Overview

Injury Surveillance Program, MA Department of Public Health

^{2.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents. Per DHCFP confidentiality rules, numbers and rates for less than 7 nonfatal injuries and rates for less than 5 deaths are suppressed. Rates based on counts <20 may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

^{3.} Pedal cyclist and pedestrian causes include both MV and non-MV related cases.

^{4.} MV-occupants include unspecified persons, but not motorcyclists.

^{5.} Total includes cases for which cause was unknown or missing.

Table 7. Number and Rate of Leading Causes of Fatal and Nonfatal Injury-related Cases by Age Group, MA Residents, 2009 (continued)

٨٥٥	Dear	ths		Nonfatal Ho	spital Stays		Nonfatal ED Visits			
Age	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	
	Poisoning	345	19.1	Fall	6,130	338.6	Fall	44,090	2,435.1	
years	Suicide	240	13.3	Poisoning	1,416	78.2	Overexertion	17,204	950.2	
· ye	Fall	65	3.6	Self-inflicted	1,344	74.2	Cut/pierce	15,164	837.5	
- 64	MV-occupant ⁴	60	3.3	MV-occupant ⁴	693	38.3	Struck by	13,886	766.9	
45 .	Other/unknown	181	10.0	Other/unknown	8,242	455.2	Other/unknown	57,451	3,173.0	
	TOTAL ⁵	891	49.2	TOTAL ⁵	17,825	984.5	TOTAL ⁵	147,795	8,162.7	
Age	Dear	ths		Nonfatal Ho	spital Stays		Nonfatal	ED Visits		
Age	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	
40	Fall	44	9.8	Fall	4,148	920.6	Fall	12,952	2,874.5	
years	Suicide	29	6.4	Poisoning	368	81.7	Cut/pierce	2,520	559.3	
ye	Poisoning	20	4.4	MV-occupant ⁴	221	49.0	Overexertion	2,168	481.2	
- 74	Suffocation	17	3.8	Overexertion	171	38.0	Struck by	2,081	461.8	
65	Other/unknown	82	18.2	Other/unknown	2,962	657.4	Other/unknown	9,495	2,107.3	
	TOTAL ⁵	192	42.6	TOTAL ⁵	7,870	1,746.6	TOTAL ⁵	29,216	6,484.0	
Age	Dear	ths		Nonfatal Ho	spital Stays	-	Nonfatal ED Visits			
, tgo	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	Cause	Number	Rate ¹	
	Fall	364	82.0	Fall	17,628	3,970.9	Fall	27,879	6,280.0	
<u>s</u>	Suffocation	64	14.4	Poisoning	517	116.5	Struck by	2,759	621.5	
75+ years	Suicide	31	7.0	MV-occupant ⁴	350	78.8	Cut/pierce	2,088	470.3	
÷ 2	MV-occupant ⁴	22	5.0	Overexertion	306	68.9	Overexertion	1,821	410.2	
72	Other/unknown	191	43.0	Other/unknown	6,851	1,543.3	Other/unknown	9,939	2,238.9	
	TOTAL ⁵	672	151.4	TOTAL ⁵	25,652	5,778.4	TOTAL ⁵	44,486	10,020.9	

^{1.} Causes of unintentional or undetermined intent are combined. Intentional injuries (suicides/self-inflicted injuries or homicides/assaults) are not broken down by cause.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH; Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

^{2.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents. Per DHCFP confidentiality rules, numbers and rates for less than 7 nonfatal injuries and rates for less than 5 deaths are suppressed. Rates based on counts <20 may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution.

^{3.} Pedal cyclist and pedestrian causes include both MV and non-MV related cases.

^{4.} MV-occupants include unspecified persons, but not motorcyclists.

^{5.} Total includes cases for which cause was unknown or missing.

Table 8. Charges for Injury Hospitalizations¹ by Intent and Cause, MA Residents, 2009

INTENT AND CAUSE OF INJURY 2	Number	Median Charge	Total Charges
UNINTENTIONAL			
Fall	29,472	\$17,472	\$745,505,765
Motor Vehicle	3,738	\$24,220	\$175,155,990
Injury to occupant ³	2,442	\$22,892	\$102,576,037
Injury to pedestrian	605	\$26,347	\$32,832,377
Injury to motorcyclist	507	\$29,789	\$30,783,501
Injury to pedal cyclist	159	\$24,709	\$8,089,711
Injury to other person	25	\$16,879	\$874,364
Other Transport	1,056	\$17,813	\$30,483,818
Pedal cyclist, other	445	\$16,593	\$11,231,369
Pedestrian, other	40	\$25,773	\$1,763,512
All Other transport	571	\$18,405	\$17,488,937
Poisoning / overdose	2,889	\$10,560	\$52,889,719
Suffocation / hanging	716	\$22,925	\$32,550,159
Struck by / against	1,337	\$13,638	\$29,052,499
Fire / burn	534	\$15,265	\$20,127,696
Fire/flame	180	\$16,579	\$10,672,354
Hot object / substance burn	354	\$14,014	\$9,455,342
Natural / environmental	1,210	\$8,454	\$18,720,566
Dog bite	190	\$7,887	\$2,125,379
Other bite or sting	524	\$5,989	\$4,785,225
All other	496	\$13,188	\$11,809,962
Overexertion	930	\$12,421	\$16,463,846
Cut / pierce	566	\$11,533	\$9,817,682
Machinery	175	\$22,849	\$5,789,004
Firearms	34	\$16,906	\$1,042,719
Near drowning / submersion	38	\$11,509	\$941,843
Human bite	32	\$8,570	\$754,316
Other specified causes	2,874	\$17,590	\$82,953,394
Unspecified / not classifiable	4,660	\$14,480	\$109,713,378
Total Unintentional	50,261	\$16,575	\$1,331,962,394

^{1.} Numbers presented here may not match other counts in this report for two reasons: First, cases where the patient died or was transferred to another acute care hospital are included. Second, cases where no charges were listed are excluded.

Hospital charge data is presented to provide an economic indicator associated with injuries. These are initial charges issued by the treating hospital. They do not necessarily reflect the amount that it costs the hospital to treat the patients, nor what is ultimately paid to the hospital by the insurer/payer. Final payment is typically less than initial charges, but such information is not included in the Division of Health Care Finance and Policy databases. This economic indicator does not take into account costs associated with long-term or rehabilitative care, nor other costs associated with injury and disability, such as lost wages.

^{2.} Causes for which there were less than 7 counts are not included.

^{3.} Occupants include drivers, passengers and unspecified persons.

Source: MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

Table 10. Charges for Injury-related Hospitalizations¹ by Intent and Cause, MA Residents, 2009 (continued)

INTENT AND CAUSE OF INJURY 2	Number	Median Charge	Total Charges
SELF-INFLICTED			
Poisoning / overdose	3,670	\$9,532	\$59,669,861
Cut / pierce	524	\$10,370	\$9,838,612
Fall	36	\$52,196	\$2,805,249
Suffocation / hanging	55	\$17,115	\$1,836,972
Firearm	18	\$66,458	\$1,594,824
Fire / burn	23	\$10,512	\$480,123
Motor Vehicle	8	\$30,672	\$479,771
Other specified causes	16	\$18,149	\$707,077
Unspecified / not classifiable	172	\$14,123	\$5,091,637
Total Self-Inflicted	4,522	\$9,912	\$82,504,126
ASSAULT			
Struck by / against	657	\$16,018	\$16,576,499
Firearm	276	\$29,603	\$16,107,564
Cut / pierce	459	\$18,667	\$13,567,070
Fire / burn	11	\$14,763	\$947,437
Human bite	49	\$9,934	\$691,161
Motor Vehicle	7	\$14,502	\$147,832
Other specified causes	163	\$12,631	\$4,034,991
Unspecified / not classifiable	472	\$17,209	\$15,370,185
Total Assault	2,094	\$17,380	\$67,442,739
OTHER INJURY CASES			<u> </u>
Undetermined Intent	864	\$11,053	\$17,688,415
Legal / War	56	\$13,957	\$1,141,800
Adverse Effects	3,330	·	\$125,903,737
Cause / intent not provided	3,575	\$15,405	\$133,107,702
Injuries with no charges listed	17	na	na
TOTAL	64,719	\$16,039	\$1,759,750,913

^{1.} Observations stays are not included in this table. Counts include cases where the patient died or was transferred to another acute care hospital, but exludes cases where charge data is missing.

Hospital charge data is presented to provide an economic indicator associated with injuries. These are initial charges issued by the treating hospital. They do not necessarily reflect the amount that it costs the hospital to treat the patients, nor what is ultimately paid to the hospital by the insurer/payer. Final payment is typically less than initial charges, but such information is not included in the Division of Health Care Finance and Policy databases. This economic indicator does not take into account costs associated with long-term or rehabilitative care, nor other costs associated with injury and disability, such as lost wages.

^{2.} Causes for which there were less than 7 counts are not included. Source: MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

Regional Data: 2009

Table 9. Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Cases by County, MA Residents, 2009

	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries		Total	
County ¹	Number	Number	Total	Crude Rate ²	Age-adjusted Rate ³
Barnstable	134	32,371	32,505	14,698.1	16,251.1
Berkshire	71	24,390	24,461	18,919.8	20,213.8
Bristol	277	78,098	78,375	14,316.8	14,599.9
Dukes	4	3,188	3,192	19,982.5	21,005.2
Essex	328	91,898	92,226	12,419.6	12,669.8
Franklin	26	10,221	10,247	14,276.0	15,121.3
Hampden	231	64,844	65,075	13,814.0	14,052.1
Hampshire	65	14,891	14,956	9,584.5	10,844.1
Middlesex	582	149,238	149,820	9,954.8	10,013.5
Nantucket	6	2,197	2,203	19,457.7	20,073.4
Norfolk	269	70,258	70,527	10,584.8	10,679.6
Plymouth	235	63,561	63,796	12,801.6	13,359.5
Suffolk	344	76,510	76,854	10,198.5	10,390.3
Worcester	348	93,784	94,132	11,712.3	11,929.0
Massachusetts ⁴	2,920	775,783	778,703	11,810.0	11,898.3

^{1.} County was derived from city/town codes 1-351 for death data.

City and town names can be located by clicking on the county above (excel format only) or referring to "City and Town Listing by County" (Appendix D).

^{2.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents using 2009 U.S. Census Estimates.

^{3.} Age-adjusted rate is adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population using 2005 U.S. Census data from MassCHIP.

^{4.} Massachusetts total includes cases of unknown town and homeless persons where no specific town was provided.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH; Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

Regional Data: 2009

Table 10. Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Cases for Selected Causes by County, MA Residents, 2009

		ional Moto ated Injur			ntional Fa Adults (A	lls Among ges 65+)		tentional (Overdoses		Hom	icides/Ass	saults	Suici	des/Self-In Injuries	flicted
County ³	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries	Crude Rate⁴	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries	Crude Rate ⁴	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries	Crude Rate⁴	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries	Crude Rate ⁴	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries	Crude Rate ⁴
Barnstable	16	2,645	1,203.3	36	4,011	7,466.8	20	101	54.7	3	845	383.4	26	259	128.9
Berkshire	15	1,659	1,294.8	15	2,013	8,470.5	8	50	44.9	2	745	577.8	10	369	293.1
Bristol	32	7,776	1,426.3	25	5,593	7,367.2	66	420	88.8	19	2,560	471.1	63	1130	217.9
Dukes	1	168	1,058.0	0	278	10,486.6	1	13	87.6	0	49	306.7	1	27	175.3
Essex	43	8,378	1,134.0	41	7,839	7,620.7	69	400	63.2	17	2,908	393.9	57	1214	171.2
Franklin	3	645	902.8	3	708	6,803.8	2	27	40.4	1	231	323.2	4	93	135.1
Hampden	26	7,575	1,613.5	23	4,446	6,770.7	45	270	66.9	22	3,056	653.4	53	1059	236.1
Hampshire	8	1,161	749.1	6	1,346	6,774.2	9	49	37.2	2	364	234.5	18	258	176.9
Middlesex	74	12,507	835.9	109	13,256	6,892.5	113	599	47.3	25	4,294	287.0	97	1990	138.7
Nantucket	0	72	635.9	1	148	11,920.0	1	2		1	25	229.6	3	18	185.5
Norfolk	36	5,788	874.1	54	7,325	7,793.5	64	302	54.9	11	1,905	287.6	42	878	138.1
Plymouth	28	6,938	1,397.8	21	4,664	7,006.2	46	302	69.8	15	2,101	424.6	49	764	163.1
Suffolk	20	8,616	1,146.0	33	4,399	5,545.9	91	609	92.9	43	5,427	725.9	47	1331	182.9
Worcester	45	7,819	978.5	41	6,565	6,538.9	64	369	53.9	19	3,242	405.7	61	1947	182.5
Massachusetts ⁵	347	71,771	1,093.8	408	62,605	7,044.4	599	3,519	62.5	180	27,777	424.0	531	11345	180.1

^{1.} Includes unintentional motor vehicle traffic-related injuries to motor vehicle occupants (drivers or passengers), motorcyclists, and pedestrians or pedal cyclists struck by a motor vehicle

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH; Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

^{2.} Includes opioid "poisonings" of unintentional or undetermined intent, including those related to prescription (e.g. oxycodone) or illegal opioids (e.g. heroin). Cases of opioid abuse or dependence may not be included.

^{3.} County was derived from city/town codes 1-351 for death data.

^{4.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents. Rates based on counts <20 may be unstable and should be interpreted with caution. Per DHCFP confidentiality rules, numbers and rates for less than 7 nonfatal injuries and rates for less than 5 deaths are suppressed.

^{5.} Massachusetts total includes cases of unknown town and homeless persons where no specific town was provided.

Table 11. Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Cases by Community Health Network Area (CHNA), MA Residents, 2009

CHNA	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries		Total	
	Number	Number	Number	Crude Rate ²	Age-adjusted Rate ³
Community Health Network of Berkshire	71	24,390	24,461	18,536.0	18,965.0
2. Upper Valley Health Web	32	13,097	13,129	14,834.0	15,140.2
3. Partnership for Health in Hampshire County	65	14,553	14,618	9,629.6	9,903.4
4. The Community Health Connection	140	40,774	40,914	13,661.3	13,701.4
5. South County Connects	62	16,051	16,113	13,524.1	13,722.9
6. Community Partners for Health	58	17,653	17,711	11,033.5	11,406.6
7. Community Health Coalition of Metrowest	119	39,448	39,567	10,421.8	10,885.4
8. Common Pathways	124	35,746	35,870	11,812.2	11,712.2
9. CHN of North Central Massachusetts	131	30,067	30,198	11,553.8	11,720.0
10. The Greater Lowell CHN	141	31,285	31,426	11,515.9	11,726.8
11. The Greater Lawrence CHN	66	23,852	23,918	12,254.6	12,214.8
12. The Greater Haverhill CHN	67	18,864	18,931	12,743.3	13,035.7
13. The North Shore CHN (Beverly/Gloucester)	53	13,845	13,898	11,641.9	11,723.3
14. The North Shore CHN (Salem/Lynn)	142	35,337	35,479	12,346.9	12,412.6
15. Northwest Suburban Health Alliance	65	19,694	19,759	9,427.2	9,869.2
16. North Suburban Health Alliance	123	30,618	30,741	11,950.6	12,086.5
17. The Greater Cambridge/Somerville CHNA	100	23,833	23,933	8,738.4	8,885.7
18. West Suburban Health Network	99	21,173	21,272	8,403.3	8,293.3
19. Boston Alliance for Community Health	348	80,887	81,235	11,415.6	11,323.2
20. Blue Hills Community Health Alliance	178	41,647	41,825	11,233.9	11,346.8
21. CHN of Chicopee/Holyoke/Ludlow/Westfield	86	23,436	23,522	14,568.9	14,570.6
22. The Greater Brockton CHN	119	31,435	31,554	13,017.2	12,980.9
23. South Shore CHN	87	23,314	23,401	12,395.5	12,738.9
24. The Greater Attleboro-Taunton CHNA	95	32,726	32,821	12,976.8	13,255.1
25. Partners for Healthier Communities	87	24,404	24,491	17,250.0	17,557.6
26. Greater New Bedford CHN	118	29,563	29,681	14,843.9	15,049.6
27. Cape and Islands Health Network	144	37,756	37,900	15,027.6	15,335.7
Massachusetts ¹	2,920	775,783	778,703	11,810.0	11,898.3

^{1.} Massachusetts total includes cases of unknown town and homeless persons where no specific town was provided.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH; Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

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^{2.} Represents crude rates per 100,000 residents using 2009 U.S. Census Estimates.

^{3.} Age-adjusted rate is adjusted to the 2000 U.S. standard population using 2005 U.S. Census data from MassCHIP.

^{4.} Motor vehicle traffic-related injuries include: motor vehicle occupants (i.e., drivers and passengers of cars and light trucks), pedestrians and pedal cyclists injured by a motor vehicle, and motorcyclists.

^{5.} Poisonings can include overdoses of prescription medicines, household cleaners, carbon monoxide poisoning, toxic effects of legal or illegal drugs, etc.

Table 12. Fatal and Nonfatal Injury Cases for Selected Causes by Community Health Network Area (CHNA), MA Residents, 2009

		intentional cle-related			ntional Fa Adults (<i>A</i>	lls Among ages 65+)		tentional Overdose	-	Hom	icides/As	saults	Suici	des/Self-I Injuries	
County	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries	Crude Rate ³	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries	Crude Rate ³	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries	Crude Rate ³	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries	Crude Rate ³	Deaths	Nonfatal Injuries	Crude Rate ³
Community Health Network of Berkshire	15	1,659	1,294.8	15	2,013	1,568.6	8	50	48.0	2	745	577.8	10	369	293.1
2. Upper Valley Health Web	3	826	941.1	3	884	1,006.9	3	36	47.7	1	289	329.2	7	118	141.9
3. Partnership for Health in Hampshire County	8	1,136	743.7	6	1,334	871.1	9	49	44.9	2	354	231.4	18	256	178.1
4. The Community Health Connection	12	5,011	1,669.4	16	2,711	906.3	25	175	74.1	18	2,155	722.2	30	662	230.0
5. South County Connects	14	1,305	1,091.9	3	1,010	838.6	14	51	62.9	0	395	327.0	13	241	210.3
6. Community Partners for Health	11	1,306	800.1	9	1,186	726.0	8	43	34.0	0	324	196.8	14	191	124.5
7. Community Health Coalition of Metrowest	18	2,896	748.2	24	3,458	894.0	15	93	31.8	3	878	226.2	25	628	167.7
8. Common Pathways	12	3,312	1,069.8	13	2,393	774.3	25	180	76.0	8	1,769	571.9	17	862	282.9
9. CHN of North Central Massachusetts	18	2,378	892.4	21	2,225	836.5	23	108	57.7	11	847	319.6	21	711	272.6
10. The Greater Lowell CHN	20	3,085	1,123.5	19	2,236	815.9	33	133	66.2	7	1,171	426.2	23	421	160.6
11. The Greater Lawrence CHN	8	2,439	1,318.2	5	1,612	871.1	9	64	45.3	10	961	523.1	11	352	195.6
12. The Greater Haverhill CHN	9	1,397	920.8	11	1,452	958.1	15	46	45.8	1	498	326.8	14	241	167.0
13. The N. Shore CHN (Beverly/Gloucester)	5	813	688.5	7	1,327	1,122.8	9	63	69.9	0	314	264.3	15	135	126.3
14. The North Shore CHN (Salem/Lynn)	21	3,729	1,313.7	18	3,448	1,214.2	36	227	96.7	6	1,135	399.7	17	486	176.2
15. Northwest Suburban Health Alliance	6	1,388	634.1	16	2,337	1,070.4	12	56	34.6	1	340	155.1	12	262	124.6
16. North Suburban Health Alliance	19	2,982	1,146.1	20	2,418	931.0	34	206	96.2	6	897	344.8	11	325	128.3
17. Greater Cambridge/Somerville CHNA	10	1,785	632.4	25	2,055	732.9	13	91	41.9	6	890	315.7	24	317	120.1
18. West Suburban Health Network	14	1,357	530.6	21	2,751	1,072.8	11	49	25.5	3	402	156.7	24	229	97.9
19. Boston Alliance for Community Health	20	8,892	1,100.3	34	5,030	625.2	91	615	94.1	43	5,518	686.5	47	1402	178.9
20. Blue Hills Community Health Alliance	15	3,780	1,006.6	36	4,662	1,246.1	47	235	79.8	10	1,384	369.7	14	557	151.5
21. CHN of Chicopee/Holyoke/Ludlow/Westfield	12	2,503	1,532.2	6	1,692	1,034.5	20	94	82.9	4	895	547.7	21	387	248.6
22. The Greater Brockton CHN	11	4,240	1,787.6	12	1,791	758.2	32	175	95.9	13	1,280	543.7	20	416	183.3
23. South Shore CHN	14	2,044	1,069.7	5	1,959	1,020.8	15	111	70.2	0	653	339.4	25	239	137.2
24. The Greater Attleboro-Taunton CHNA	12	2,979	1,175.8	8	2,123	837.7	17	135	67.2	5	930	367.6	27	517	213.8
25. Partners for Healthier Communities	9	2,404	1,710.7	7	1,952	1,388.9	28	154	143.9	5	735	524.6	15	307	228.3
26. Greater New Bedford CHN	14	3,216	1,620.3	11	2,095	1,056.5	25	158	107.9	11	1,074	544.3	26	402	214.7
27. Cape and Islands Health Network	17	2,885	1,168.1	37	4,437	1,800.8	22	116	59.2	4	919	371.5	30	304	134.4
Massachusetts ⁴	347	71,771	1,093.8	408	62,605	7,044.4	599	3,519	63.3	180	27,777	424.0	531	11345	180.1

^{1.} Includes unintentional motor vehicle traffic-related injuries to motor vehicle occupants (drivers or passengers), motorcyclists, and pedestrians or pedal cyclists struck by a motor vehicle.

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^{2.} Includes opioid "poisonings" of unintentional or undetermined intent, including those related to prescription (e.g. oxycodone) or illegal opioids (e.g. heroin). Cases of opioid abuse or dependence may not be included.

^{3.} Crude rates include fatal and nonfatal injuries per 100,000 residents using 2005 U.S. Census data from MassCHIP.

^{4.} Massachusetts total includes cases of unknown town and homeless persons where no specific town was provided.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH; Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

Trends Data: 2002-2009

Table 13. Unintentional Fall-related Injury Rates¹ by Age Group, MA Residents, 2002-2009

Deaths	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year		0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	n.s.
1-14 years						0.0		-	
15-24 years	0.6			0.8	0.5	8.0	0.5		n.s.
25-44 years	0.7	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.7	1.1	0.7	0.9	n.s.
45-54 years	1.9	1.5	2.0	2.1	1.7	2.4	3.1	3.0	+8.9%
55-64 years	3.3	3.3	4.7	3.4	4.4	5.3	4.5	4.2	n.s.
65-74 years	6.7	4.6	8.1	6.6	13.7	14.7	14.9	9.8	+14.1%
75-84 years	20.3	22.6	25.3	26.8	37.1	41.3	43.1	48.0	+14.1%
85+ years	56.1	76.3	67.4	71.5	123.5	125.2	141.2	154.5	+16.1%
Total ²	3.5	3.9	4.2	4.1	6.3	7.0	7.4	7.4	+13.2%
Nonfatal Hospital Stays	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year	188.2	192.3	217.8	249.5	218.1	204.9	244.5	229.3	n.s.
1-14 years	103.1	107.9	103.6	99.0	98.5	83.2	84.5	88.9	-3.4%
15-24 years	81.8	83.7	79.0	75.6	73.6	67.1	79.6	78.0	n.s.
25-44 years	106.3	128.9	120.8	118.4	117.2	105.4	124.1	115.5	n.s.
45-54 years	194.4	242.6	221.6	236.9	236.9	219.0	249.1	262.5	n.s.
55-64 years	344.7	397.2	401.1	404.7	389.3	387.6	431.7	438.2	+2.4%
65-74 years	817.4	859.8	861.5	874.4	873.8	863.3	914.4	920.4	+1.4%
75-84 years	2,333.2	2,489.1	2,523.5	2,533.1	2,676.2	2,629.1	2,661.9	2,762.3	+2.0%
85+ years	5,852.1	6,051.4	6,060.7	5,895.0	6,098.0	6,003.7	6,190.2	6,548.0	+1.1%
Total ²	404.8	442.6	440.9	443.5	454.9	442.6	469.9	482.9	+1.9%
Nonfatal ED Visits	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year	2,873.7	2,908.0	3,014.6	3,014.1	3,238.7	3,176.1	3,241.8	3,600.8	+2.8%
1-14 years	3,945.0	3,873.8	3,682.3	3,577.7	3,773.9	3,856.5	3,873.2	3,958.3	n.s.
15-24 years	2,344.7	2,427.8	2,189.2	2,153.5	2,181.7	2,207.9	2,352.9	2,353.8	n.s.
25-44 years	2,014.6	2,243.2	2,060.5	2,072.3	2,070.7	2,075.8	2,224.0	2,255.6	n.s.
45-54 years	1,928.4	2,217.4	2,082.2	2,099.8	2,096.8	2,167.2	2,345.2	2,438.1	+2.5%
55-64 years	1,983.9	2,291.5	2,196.6	2,137.7	2,200.4	2,172.0	2,362.3	2,430.2	+1.9%
65-74 years	2,494.2	2,747.5	2,686.0	2,609.3	2,633.6	2,647.7	2,764.1	2,874.3	n.s.
75-84 years	4,547.3	4,659.1	4,692.1	4,605.1	4,815.9	4,907.8	5,073.6	5,097.5	+1.7%
85+ years	8,243.5	7,979.9	8,080.6	7,921.7	8,077.8	8,159.5	8,163.0	8,801.7	n.s.
Total ²	2,681.1	2,835.1	2,684.2	2,646.5	2,705.6	2,736.6	2,863.3	2,931.4	n.s.

Overall unintentional fall death rates increased 13.2% per year between 2002 and 2009. This was partly due to increased identification of fall deaths by the Medical Examiner's Office after 2005.

The greatest increases in fall death rates were seen in age groups 65 and over (14.1% to 16.1% per year).

Overall hospital stay rates for unintentional fall injuries increased 1.9% per year between 2002 and 2009.

Hospital stay rates for unintentional fall injuries decreased 3.4% per year among children ages 1-14 years, but increased slightly among all age groups ages 65 and over (1.1% to 2.4% per year).

Overall rates of ED visits for unintentional fall injuries did not change significantly between 2002 and 2009. However, increased ED visit rates were seen in certain age groups, including children under age 1 year (2.8% per year).

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Rates are suppressed for nonfatal injuries with counts of less than 7 and for deaths with counts less than 5. Rates based on counts less than 20 may be unstable. Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH. Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

^{1.} Rates for age groups are age-specific (i.e., number of cases per 100,000 persons in that age group). 2009 rates are based on population data from 2009 U.S. Census Estimates.

^{2.} Rates for total counts are crude rates per 100,000 persons. Totals includes cases for which age was unknown or missing.

^{3.} Average Annual Percent Change (AAPC) between 2002 and 2009. AAPC only presented if statistically significant at p < .05; n.s. = not significant.

Table 14. Unintentional Motor Vehicle-related Injury Rates by Age Group, MA Residents, 2002-2009

Deaths	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ⁴
<1 year	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	n.s.
1-14 years	0.4	1.5	1.7	0.9	1.0	0.5	0.5	0.7	n.s.
15-24 years	14.9	14.5	14.6	12.5	12.4	14.2	9.4	9.4	-6.3%
25-44 years	8.6	7.6	7.8	6.4	6.2	6.3	4.0	5.2	-8.4%
45-64 years	7.0	6.1	7.4	6.9	7.0	5.2	5.1	5.2	-4.7%
65-74 years	9.6	10.2	5.9	9.3	7.8	7.7	5.4	6.4	n.s.
75-84 years	18.5	19.5	14.5	10.8	12.6	7.2	11.4	7.3	-12.4%
85+ years	13.0	15.0	20.2	15.8	15.4	12.9	16.8	9.2	n.s.
Total ³	8.1	7.9	7.9	6.9	6.9	6.3	5.1	5.3	-6.7%
Nonfatal Hospital Stays	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ⁴
<1 year	7.6	10.2	9.0	13.2					
1-14 years	27.5	26.0	27.7	21.5	22.3	18.3	19.4	17.7	-6.6%
15-24 years	174.0	157.5	166.3	153.0	146.3	119.8	110.2	106.3	-7.2%
25-44 years	90.4	89.0	88.9	88.0	82.4	71.4	72.6	68.5	-4.3%
45-64 years	72.9	68.8	71.0	74.6	71.2	68.0	65.9	63.5	-1.6%
65-74 years	85.8	82.6	82.5	85.1	80.3	69.4	71.6	68.8	-3.3%
75-84 years	143.4	128.3	132.5	119.6	127.4	116.4	115.4	104.9	-3.6%
85+ years	134.3	121.4	107.0	114.7	109.9	98.7	111.8	84.7	-4.6%
Total ³	88.0	83.2	85.3	83.0	79.8	70.1	69.2	65.2	-4.3%
Nonfatal ED Visits	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ⁴
<1 year	84.3	100.4	100.4	111.0	103.5	115.1	61.1	86.8	n.s.
1-14 years	556.6	543.0	482.9	450.0	413.9	373.7	339.4	330.7	-7.8%
15-24 years	3,777.3	3,721.8	3,312.3	2,907.9	2,582.3	2,399.8	2,166.5	2,074.1	-9.1%
25-44 years	2,127.4	2,176.7	1,982.5	1,825.1	1,656.8	1,542.3	1,504.2	1,476.0	-6.1%
45-64 years	1,037.7	1,068.9	971.5	912.4	856.4	820.2	795.0	805.8	-4.5%
65-74 years	576.0	604.8	594.8	541.0	522.1	483.5	440.4	462.1	-4.4%
75-84 years	547.6	552.8	531.4	457.7	449.4	444.9	432.0	378.9	-5.1%
85+ years	336.0	279.1	306.4	264.8	310.5	271.9	243.9	278.7	n.s.
Total ³	1,564.3	1,578.1	1,430.1	1,301.5	1,187.0	1,108.3	1,047.4	1,023.3	-6.8%

The overall death rate from unintentional MV-related injuries decreased 6.7% per year between 2002 and 2009.

MV-related death rates decreased the most among adults ages 75-84 years (down 12.4% per year).

The overall rate of hospital stays for MV-related injuries decreased 4.3% per year between 2002 and 2009.

Hospital stay rates decreased the most among young adults ages 15-24 (down 7.2% per year) and children ages 1-14 (down 6.6% per year).

The overall rate of ED visits for MV-related injuries decreased by 6.8% per year between 2002 and 2009.

The greatest decreases in ED visit rates also occurred among young adults ages 15-24 (down 9.1% per year) and children ages 1-14 (down 7.8% per year).

Rates are suppressed for nonfatal injuries with counts of less than 7 and for deaths with counts less than 5. Rates based on counts less than 20 may be unstable.

^{1.} Includes unintentional motor vehicle traffic-related injuries to motor vehicle occupants (drivers or passengers), motorcyclists, and pedestrians or pedal cyclists struck by a motor vehicle.

^{2.} Rates for age groups are age-specific (i.e., number of cases per 100,000 persons in that age group). 2009 rates are based on population data from 2009 U.S. Census Estimates.

^{3.} Rates for total counts are crude rates per 100,000 persons. Totals includes cases for which age was unknown or missing.

^{4.} Average Annual Percent Change (AAPC) between 2002 and 2009. AAPC only presented if statistically significant at p < .05; n.s. = not significant.

Table 15. Unintentional Traumatic Brain Injury Rates¹ by Age Group, MA Residents, 2002-2009

Deaths	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
1-14 years	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.5	1.1		0.9	0.9	n.s.
15-24 years	6.7	5.3	4.9	7.1	8.0	10.5	7.9	7.1	n.s.
25-44 years	3.0	2.5	2.2	3.1	3.9	5.6	3.8	4.8	+10.5%
45-64 years	4.1	2.8	4.4	4.5	6.1	7.3	5.9	6.7	+11.3%
65-74 years	8.7	6.8	8.1	7.8	13.2	15.7	12.4	14.4	+11.4%
75-84 years	22.9	18.9	19.3	25.2	28.8	32.6	37.1	36.4	+10.4%
85+ years	48.8	57.5	55.1	59.6	74.0	67.3	86.7	86.1	+8.5%
Total ²	5.5	4.8	5.1	6.1	7.8	9.1	8.4	8.8	+10.1%
Nonfatal Hospital Stays	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year	195.1	205.8	235.5	235.2	214.9	214.4	244.5	241.0	n.s.
1-14 years	42.6	46.3	44.0	43.6	44.2	37.3	38.8	40.1	n.s.
15-24 years	85.3	92.4	92.2	92.1	86.8	72.7	69.2	74.6	-3.7%
25-44 years	46.9	48.1	48.7	50.2	50.1	40.9	42.6	41.8	n.s.
45-64 years	52.6	55.0	61.4	71.1	65.4	65.0	65.5	73.1	+4.0%
65-74 years	97.6	112.7	120.8	120.4	132.5	136.1	133.8	147.6	+5.1%
75-84 years	222.9	241.5	287.7	269.8	336.9	346.9	349.4	395.8	+8.2%
85+ years	454.8	517.1	553.8	558.2	607.9	628.2	629.6	757.8	+6.2%
Total ²	74.2	80.2	85.7	88.0	91.0	86.5	87.4	95.9	+2.8%
Nonfatal ED Visits	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year	1,483.9	1,599.4	1,700.9	1,848.3	2,020.2	2,051.1	2,165.9	2,555.2	+7.4%
1-14 years	689.8	727.3	732.0	775.0	848.6	897.4	992.1	1,201.2	+7.6%
15-24 years	692.5	727.3	738.5	777.2	820.6	833.6	918.2	1,008.4	+5.1%
25-44 years	317.0	348.9	359.6	384.1	405.3	426.4	471.3	549.6	+7.3%
45-64 years	232.9	271.8	283.3	313.7	348.3	380.3	433.9	513.2	+11.1%
65-74 years	263.0	307.5	345.0	372.2	426.9	487.9	529.9	620.3	+12.5%
75-84 years	521.9	581.4	621.2	724.3	896.2	1,027.9	1,177.3	1,251.8	+14.5%
85+ years	1,019.5	1,082.4	1,258.1	1,431.0	1,716.0	1,872.6	2,035.0	2,350.4	+13.2%
Total ²	449.3	487.6	504.5	543.5	596.4	633.8	703.4	811.8	+8.4%

The overall death rate associated with traumatic brain injury (TBI) increased 10.1% per year between 2002 and 2009.

All age groups ages 25 and over experienced significant increases in TBI death rates (from 8.5% to 11.4% per year).

The overall TBI-related hospital stay rate increased 2.8% per year between 2002 and 2009.

Rates of TBI-related hospital stays did not change significantly or decreased for age groups under age 45. TBI-related hospital stay rates increased for age groups over age 45, with the greatest increase in adults 75-84 years (8.2% per year).

The overall rate of TBI-related ED visits increased 8.4% per year between 2002 and 2009.

TBI-related ED visit rates increased significantly in all age groups. The greatest increases over this time period occurred in age groups ages 65 and over (12.5% to 14.5% per year).

Rates are suppressed for nonfatal injuries with counts of less than 7 and for deaths with counts less than 5. Rates based on counts less than 20 may be unstable.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH. Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

^{1.} Rates for age groups are age-specific (i.e., number of cases per 100,000 persons in that age group). 2009 rates are based on population data from 2009 U.S. Census Estimates.

^{2.} Rates for total counts are crude rates per 100,000 persons. Totals includes cases for which age was unknown or missing.

^{3.} Average Annual Percent Change (AAPC) between 2002 and 2009. AAPC only presented if statistically significant at p < .05; n.s. = not significant.

Table 16. Unintentional Opioid Overdose 1 Rates 2 by Age Group, MA Residents, 2002-2009

Deaths	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ⁴
<1 year	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
1-14 years	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
15-24 years	4.7	7.6	7.3	6.7	6.2	5.3	5.1	6.4	n.s.
25-44 years	13.3	17.2	13.7	15.2	16.9	17.4	16.0	16.4	n.s.
45-64 years	8.3	9.5	8.0	11.0	14.5	14.1	12.4	12.9	+7.9%
65-74 years						1.2	1.1	1.8	n.s.
75-84 years		0.0	0.0						-
85+ years	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
Total ³	6.7	8.5	7.1	8.1	9.5	9.4	8.6	9.1	+3.9%
Nonfatal Hospital Stays	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ⁴
<1 year		0.0	0.0	0.0					-
1-14 years	0.8				0.7		1.1	1.5	n.s.
15-24 years	9.6	13.0	12.0	11.3	9.6	9.6	7.6	9.5	n.s.
25-44 years	16.0	17.9	16.4	15.8	18.9	15.0	17.5	18.8	n.s.
45-64 years	11.0	13.1	15.2	15.9	16.4	18.4	19.4	23.6	+9.9%
65-74 years	7.7	6.0	9.5	13.7	16.3	15.7	14.2	15.1	+13.6%
75-84 years	8.7	7.5	8.5	7.9	9.3	13.9	13.0	14.6	+10.0%
85+ years	9.9	8.1	6.4	8.6	5.3	12.6	10.1	13.4	n.s.
Total ³	10.0	11.2	11.4	11.7	12.7	12.5	13.1	15.2	+5.0%
Nonfatal ED Visits	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ⁴
<1 year	0.0			0.0	-			-	
1-14 years	2.6	2.0	2.4	2.2	2.4	2.5	3.7	3.1	n.s.
15-24 years	42.2	47.1	54.4	55.3	54.9	58.4	62.5	63.1	+5.4%
25-44 years	54.0	61.0	56.0	52.2	58.1	58.7	66.3	75.4	+3.6%
45-64 years	18.8	25.6	24.7	23.9	23.6	24.9	25.5	28.7	+3.6%
65-74 years	2.6	1.7	2.4	3.4	2.9	2.6	4.8	2.9	n.s.
75-84 years	4.1		2.5	2.2	4.2		2.9	6.0	n.s.
85+ years				10.9		6.7	6.5		n.s.
Total ³	27.3	31.3	30.8	29.6	31.2	32.0	35.1	38.2	+3.8%

Between 2002 and 2009, the overall rate of fatal opioid overdoses of unintentional/ undetermined intent increased 3.9% per year.

Rates of fatal opioid overdoses of unintentional/undetermined intent increased the most among MA residents ages 45-64 years (7.9 % per year).

The overall hospital stay rate for opioid overdoses of unintentional/ undetermined intent increased 5.0% between 2002 and 2009.

This increase in hospital stay rates occurred mainly among age groups between 45 and 84 years (increases from 9.9% to 13.6% per year).

The overall rate of ED visits for opioid overdoses of unintentional/ undetermined intent increased 3.7% per year between 2002 and 2009.

This increase in ED visit rates occurred primarily among age groups between 15 and 64 years (increases from 3.6% to 5.4% per year).

Rates are suppressed for nonfatal injuries with counts of less than 7 and for deaths with counts less than 5. Rates based on counts less than 20 may be unstable.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH. Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

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^{1.} Includes opioid "poisonings" of unintentional or undetermined intent, including those related to prescription (e.g. oxycodone) or illegal opioids (e.g. heroin). Cases of opioid abuse or dependence may not be included.

^{2.} Rates for age groups are age-specific (i.e., number of cases per 100,000 persons in that age group), 2009 rates are based on population data from 2009 U.S. Census Estimates.

^{3.} Rates for total counts are crude rates per 100,000 persons. Totals includes cases for which age was unknown or missing.

^{4.} Average Annual Percent Change (AAPC) between 2002 and 2009. AAPC only presented if statistically significant at p < .05; n.s. = not significant.

Table 17. Suicide and Self-inflicted Injury Rates¹ by Age Group, MA Residents, 2002-2009

Deaths	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
1-14 years	0.0	0.4							
15-19 years	3.3	4.8	4.3	4.0	2.4	4.2	4.1	4.1	n.s.
20-24 years	9.3	5.8	7.4	8.1	7.1	6.8	5.4	6.7	n.s.
25-44 years	8.9	9.2	8.8	9.8	8.7	10.7	9.8	10.0	n.s.
45-64 years	9.0	8.7	8.8	9.6	11.2	11.0	12.0	13.3	+6.3%
65-74 years	6.7	6.8	7.1	8.3	5.6	8.4	7.7	6.4	n.s.
75-84 years	8.1	6.3	8.2	8.9	4.8	6.2	7.4	8.3	n.s.
85+ years	7.3	9.5	10.9	9.1	5.1	11.4	7.7	4.2	n.s.
Total ²	6.6	6.6	6.7	7.3	6.8	7.8	7.7	8.1	+3.1%
Nonfatal Hospital Stays	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
1-14 years	8.9	11.3	11.4	9.8	6.2	5.1	7.2	7.3	n.s.
15-19 years	128.0	130.4	105.2	114.3	113.6	99.5	108.0	106.2	-2.8%
20-24 years	119.7	121.2	123.6	110.5	116.6	114.2	110.1	133.1	n.s.
25-44 years	101.8	109.3	108.2	108.4	112.8	109.1	110.1	110.4	n.s.
45-64 years	54.3	58.2	60.8	64.9	67.8	66.0	72.9	74.2	+4.4%
65-74 years	16.8	19.1	14.6	19.6	21.5	25.1	18.7	20.2	n.s.
75-84 years	12.5	16.3	14.2	23.6	15.5	18.7	16.4	17.5	n.s.
85+ years	13.0	15.0	24.0	19.6	16.1	17.2	17.5	16.2	n.s.
Total ²	63.7	68.0	66.5	67.8	69.2	66.7	68.9	70.8	+1.0%
Nonfatal ED Visits	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year					0.0			-	
1-14 years	36.0	41.4	51.6	45.6	43.8	35.5	37.6	37.1	n.s.
15-19 years	340.3	348.2	361.0	374.7	349.2	332.2	354.9	329.6	n.s.
20-24 years	228.7	228.3	223.1	256.3	244.1	241.8	237.6	235.8	n.s.
25-44 years	142.6	133.3	136.1	145.0	153.9	151.7	136.2	144.5	n.s.
45-64 years	50.0	47.9	54.5	54.8	56.4	55.4	60.6	55.6	+2.4%
65-74 years	6.7	5.3	5.6	7.6	9.0	7.5	10.5	9.5	+8.6%
75-84 years	5.6	5.7	4.4	4.1	5.8	4.9	6.0	5.0	n.s.
85+ years		6.3	5.4	6.8	6.6		7.7		
Total ²	100.2	98.3	103.1	108.2	108.3	104.2	103.3	101.2	n.s.

The overall suicide rate increased 3.1% per year among MA residents between 2002 and 2009.

Suicide rates increased primarily among MA residents ages 45-64, for whom rates increased 6.3% per year.

The overall hospital stay rate for nonfatal self-inflicted injuries increased 1.0% per year between 2002 and 2009, although the only age group for which these rates increased significantly were MA residents ages 45-64.

In contrast, hospital stay rates for nonfatal self-inflicted injuries decreased 2.8% per year among MA teens ages 15-19.

There was no significant change in the overall rate of ED visits for nonfatal self-inflicted injuries between 2002 and 2009.

Two specific age groups, however, did experience increased ED visit rates for self-inflicted injuries; rates increased 8.6% per year among MA residents ages 65-75 and 2.4% per year among residents ages 45-64.

^{1.} Rates for age groups are age-specific (i.e., number of cases per 100,000 persons in that age group). 2009 rates are based on population data from 2009 U.S. Census Estimates.

^{2.} Rates for total counts are crude rates per 100,000 persons. Totals includes cases for which age was unknown or missing.

^{3.} Average Annual Percent Change (AAPC) between 2002 and 2009. AAPC only presented if statistically significant at p < .05; n.s. = not significant.

Rates are suppressed for nonfatal injuries with counts of less than 7 and for deaths with counts less than 5. Rates based on counts less than 20 may be unstable.

Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH. Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

MA Outpatient Observation Database, and MA Outpatient Emergency Department Database, Division of Health Care Finance and Policy

Table 18. Homicide and Assault-related Injury Rates¹ by Age Group, MA Residents, 2002-2009

Deaths	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year							0.0	-	
1-14 years	0.9	0.7	0.6		0.5	1.5		0.5	
15-19 years	5.6	3.7	7.2	7.4	5.5	5.5	5.6	5.2	n.s.
20-24 years	9.3	7.3	11.0	10.9	10.0	10.6	8.0	9.3	n.s.
25-44 years	3.8	2.7	3.2	3.6	4.2	3.6	4.1	4.1	n.s.
45-64 years	1.7	1.2	1.2	0.9	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.2	n.s.
65-74 years	1.2			1.7	1.5			1.6	
75-84 years					0.0		0.0		
85+ years			0.0			0.0	0.0	-	
Total ²	2.9	2.2	2.7	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.7	n.s.
Nonfatal Hospital Stays	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year	50.3	48.3	34.7	39.6	25.2	35.7	59.8	60.9	n.s.
1-14 years	5.9	4.0	5.8	5.3	5.2	5.3	6.0	5.3	n.s.
15-19 years	70.6	67.4	71.2	92.4	82.7	82.7	80.6	64.1	n.s.
20-24 years	94.0	92.4	96.0	107.8	109.7	101.6	100.4	100.1	n.s.
25-44 years	42.1	46.4	46.6	50.7	52.7	53.3	55.7	58.9	+4.5%
45-64 years	17.3	18.9	19.1	21.6	24.1	22.8	26.1	28.5	+7.1%
65-74 years	7.5	8.5	5.4	7.6	6.1	8.7	11.0	9.8	n.s.
75-84 years	5.9	6.9	9.5	8.9	6.5	8.2	9.0	7.3	n.s.
85+ years	15.5	7.9	6.2		12.5	8.6	8.4	13.4	n.s.
Total ²	30.5	31.5	32.1	36.3	36.8	36.3	38.3	38.2	+3.6%
Nonfatal ED Visits	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Annual % Change ³
<1 year	21.4	38.1	24.4	21.1	31.8	26.5	19.1	27.2	n.s.
1-14 years	139.4	137.3	131.9	125.8	134.7	121.4	118.8	111.2	-2.9%
15-19 years	1,020.7	1,028.4	965.1	925.7	986.7	958.6	895.1	867.6	-2.1%
20-24 years	1,219.9	1,168.0	1,159.7	1,090.1	1,145.7	1,197.3	1,144.6	1,190.9	n.s.
25-44 years	550.4	547.6	532.8	536.4	553.0	575.4	578.5	585.2	+1.2%
45-64 years	181.8	178.0	175.6	171.8	186.9	205.1	207.1	209.2	+2.8%
65-74 years	36.8	37.6	31.0	34.5	26.8	37.8	33.6	39.7	n.s.
75-84 years	18.5	21.7	19.3	22.0	18.8	18.7	25.4	16.9	n.s.
	24.4	20.5	16.3	15.1	16.1	19.3	16.8	18.3	n.s.
85+ years	47.71	20.01	10.01						

Between 2002 and 2009 there were no significant changes in the overall MA homicide rate or in the rates for any of the age groups analyzed.

The overall rate of hospital stays for nonfatal assaults increased 3.6% per year between 2002 and 2009.

Hospital stay rates for assaults increased significantly among two age groups; MA residents ages 45-64 (7.1% per year increase) and residents ages 25-44 (4.5% per year increase).

Between 2002 and 2009, ED visit rates for nonfatal assaults decreased among MA children ages 1-14 (2.9% per year) and teens ages 15-19 (2.1% per year).

On the other hand, such rates increased among adults ages 45-64 (2.8% per year increase) and 25-44 years (1.2% per year increase) over this time period.

Injuries to Massachusetts Residents, 2008

Rates are suppressed for nonfatal injuries with counts of less than 7 and for deaths with counts less than 5. Rates based on counts less than 20 may be unstable. Sources: Deaths - Registry of Vital Records and Statistics, MDPH. Nonfatal Injuries - MA Inpatient Hospital Discharge Database,

^{1.} Rates for age groups are age-specific (i.e., number of cases per 100,000 persons in that age group). 2009 rates are based on population data from 2009 U.S. Census Estimates.

^{2.} Rates for total counts are crude rates per 100,000 persons. Totals includes cases for which age was unknown or missing.

^{3.} Average Annual Percent Change (AAPC) between 2002 and 2009. AAPC only presented if statistically significant at p < .05; n.s. = not significant.

APPENDIX A

	A	APPENDIX A			
Recommended	Recommended Framework of E-code Groupings for Presenting Injury Morbidity	Groupings for I	resenting Injury	Morbidity Data*	*
Mechanism/Cause			Intent		2
	E020 0- 0	Cell-lillicted	TOSS Assault	FORE	F07/
Curpierce	E830.09, E832.09	E954	E964	E984	-
Drowning/submersion	E910.09				
Fall	E880.0-E886.9, E888	E957.09	E968.1	E987.09	
Fire/burn: Fire/flame	E890.0-E899	E958.1	E968.0, E979.3	E988.1	
Fire/burn: Hot object/substance	E924.09	E958.2,.7	E961, E968.3	E988.2,.7	
Firearm	E922.03,.8, .9	E955.04	79.4	E985.04	E970
Machinery	E919 (.09)				
Motor vehicle traffic	E810-E819 (.09)	E958.5	E968.5	E988.5	
Occupant	E810-E819 (.0,.1)				
Motorcyclist	E810-E819 (.2,.3)				
Pedal cyclist	E810-E819 (.6)				
Pedestrian	E810-E819 (.7)				
Unspecified	E810-E819 (.9)				
	E800-E807 (.3)				
Pedal cyclist, other	E827-E829 (.1)				
	E800-807 (.2)				
Pedestrian, other	E820-E825 (.7)				
	E800-E807 (0 1 8 9)	T078 6		E088 6	
	E820-E825 (.05,.8,.9)			F300:0	
4	E826.28				
Iransport, other	E827-E829 (.29),				
	E831.09, E833.0-				
Natural/environmental	E900.0-E909. E928.02	E958.3		E988.3	
Dog hites	E906.0				
Overexertion	E927.0489				
Poisoning	E850.0-E869.9	E950.0-E952.9	E962.09; E979.6,.7	E980.0-E982.9	E972
Struck by, against	E916-E917.9		E960.0; E968.2		E973, E975
Suffocation	E911-E913.9	E953.09	E963	E983.09	
	E846-E848 E914-E915	E955/5 6 7 9)	F960 1 F965/ 5- 9)	F985/5 6 7)	F971 F978 F990 O-
	E918, E921(.09), E922(.4,	E958(.0,.4)	E967(.09),	E988(.0,.4)	E994.9, E995.0-
Other specified and classifiable	.5), E923(.09), E925.0- E926.9, E928(.36), E929(.0-		E968(.4,.6, .7), E979(.02), E979(.5-		E995.4, E996.0- E996.3, E997(.02),
	.5)		.9)		E998 (.01)
Other specified, not elsewhere					E977, E995.8,
Classifiable	E928.8, E929.8	E958.8, E959	E968.8, E969, E999.1	E988.8, E989	E999 (.29)
Incoording					E976, E995.9,
-	E887, E928.9, E929.9	E958.9	E968.9	E988.9	
Adverse effects: Medical care					
Adverse effects: Drugs					
All injury by Intent	E800-E869, E880-E929	E950-E959	E960-E969, E979 , E999.1	E980-E989	E999 chusett

All external causes

E800-E999

*Modified version of the CDC Recommended E-Code Groupings for Presenting Injury Morbidity, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

E800-E999

APPENDIX B

	A T	APPENDIA D			
Recommended F	Recommended Framework of E-Code Groupings for Presenting Injury Mortality Data*	roupings for Pr	esenting Injury	Mortality Data ³	*
Mechanism/Cause	Unintentional	Self-inflicted	Intent Assault	Undetermined	Other
Cut/pierce	W25-W29, W45	X78	X99	_	Y35.4
Drowning/submersion	W65-W74	X71	X92		
Fall	W00-W19	X80		Y30	
Fire/burn: Fire/flame	X00-X09	X76	X97, U01.3		2 9EA
/substance	X10-X19	X77			00.0
Firearm	W32-W34	X72-X74	X93-X95, U01.4	Y22-Y24	Y35.0
Machinery	W24, W30-W31				
Motor vehicle traffic:					
Occupant	V30-V79 (.49), V83-V86 (.0-	•			
Motorcyclist	V20-V28 (.39), V29 (.49)				
Pedal cyclist	V12-V14 (.39), V19 (.46)				
Pedestrian	V02-V04 (.1, .9), V09.2				
Other	V80 (.35), V81.1, V82.1				
Unspecified	V87 (.08), V89.2				
Pedal cyclist, other	V10-V11, V12-V14 (.02), V15-V18, V19 (.03, .8, .9)				
Pedestrian, other	V01, V02-V04 (.0), V05, V06, V09 (.0, .1, .3, .9)				
Land Transport, other	V20-V28 (.02), V29 (.03), V30-V79 (.03), V80 (.02, .69), V81-V82 (.0, .29), V83-V86 (.49), V87.9, V88 (.09), V89 (.0, .1, .3, .9)	X82	Y03	Y32	
Transport, other	V90-V99		U01.1		Y36.1
Natural/environmental	W42-W43, W53-W64, W92- W99, X20-X39, X51-X57				
Overexertion	X50				
Poisoning	X40-X49	X60-X69	X85-X90, U01(.6, .7)	Y10-Y19	Y35.2
Struck by, against	W20-W22, W50-W52	X79	Y00, Y04		Y35.3
Suffocation	W75-W84				
Other specified and classifiable	, 28M, 78M, 78M, 58M, 58M, 58M	X75, X81, U03.0	X96, Y02, Y05- Y07, U01 (.0, .2, .5)	Y25-Y31	Y35 (.1, .5), Y36 (.0, .2, .48)
Other specified, not elsewhere classifiable	987, 85X	X83, Y87.0	Y08, Y87.1, U01.8, U02	Y33, Y87.2	Y35.6, Y89 (.0, .1)
Unspecified	X59	X84, U03.9	Y09, U01.9	Y34, Y89.9	Y35.7, Y36.9
Adverse effects: Medical care					Y40-Y59, Y88.0
Adverse effects: Drugs					Y60-Y84, Y88 (.1- .3)
All injury by Intent	V01-X59, Y85-Y86	X60-X84, Y87.0, U03	X85-Y09, Y87.1, U01, U02	Y10-Y34, Y87.2, Y89.9	Y35-Y36, Y89.0, Y89.1
All external causes		V01-Y36, Y8	V01-Y36, Y85-Y87, Y89, U01-U03	03	

^{*}CDC Recommended E-Code Groupings for Presenting Injury Mortality, National Center for Injury Prevention and Control, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

APPENDIX C

Interpretation of Selected E-Codes

The following list provides sample scenarios to assist with the interpretation of ICD9 External Cause of Injury codes. This is *not* a comprehensive listing.

Choked on piece of meat	E911-E913.9	Unintentional	
Strangled by another person.		Assault-Related	Suffocation/hanging
Struck by falling box. Crushed fingers in car door. Collided with another player during football game.	E916-918	Unintentional	Struck by/against
	E906.9		earthquake, etc.)
bee, wasp, spider, scorpion.	. . 51		insect stings,
Bitten by any animal, including dog, cat, rat, or snake, etc., Bitten or stung by an insect, including	E905.0-E905.6 E905.9	Unintentional	Nature/Environment:
Child drank cleanser from bottle under sink. Unknowingly ate poisonous mushroom.	E850.0-E869.9	Unintentional	
Purposely breathed exhaust fumes from car. Intentional overdose of sleeping pills.	E950.0-E952.9	Self-Inflicted	
Served a drink intentionally laced with drug.	E962.0-E962.9	Assault-Related	Poisoning/overdose
Collision with bicycle courier. Run over by threewheeler.	E820-E825(.7) E826-E829(.0)	Unintentional	non-motor vehicle- related
Pedestrian hit by car while walking across street.		Unintentional	Pedestrian: motor vehicle &
pedestrian on the sidewalk (pedestrian injured). Ran into a dog with tricycle (pedal cyclist injured).	E826.9 E827-E829(.1)		related
Fell off bike on mountain trail. Ran into a	E826.1	Unintentional	non-motor vehicle-
	E820-E825(.6)		
Injury to pedal cyclist hit by a car while riding bike in the street.	E810-E819(.6) E800-E807(.3)	Unintentional	Pedal Cycle: motor vehicle &
Pulled muscle during sports. Twisted ankle walking down stairs. Injured back lifting heavy boxes.	E927	Unintentional	Overexertion
Injury to someone involved in motor vehicle crash but unknown if occupant, or other person.	E810-E819(.8, .9)	Unintentional	Motor Vehicle Traffic -Unspecified
Car rear-ended at stop sign. Head on collision with another car0 indicates driver, .1 indicates passenger.	E810-E819(.0, .1)	Unintentional	Motor Vehicle Traffic -Occupant
Driver purposely ran into telephone pole.	E958.5	Self-Inflicted	Motor Vehicle Traffic -Occupant
Rider injured in crash with truck. Motorcycle slid on gravel.	E810-E819(.2, .3)	Unintentional	Motor Vehicle Traffic -Motorcycle
Spilled hot coffee. Burned on stove. Burned in bath water that was too hot.	E890.0-E899, E924.0- E924.9	Unintentional	
Purposely burned oneself with cigarette.	E958.1, E958.2, 958.7	Self-Inflicted	
Purposely burned by boiling water thrown by another person.	E961, E968.0, E968.3	Assault-Related	Fire/Burn
Fell from bed. Tripped down stairs. Slipped on ice. Fell during football game.	E880.0-E886.9, E888	Unintentional	
Jumped off building with intent to harm self.	.0-E957.9	Self-Inflicted	
Pushed down a flight of stairs.		Assault-Related	Fall
Sample	ICD-9 E Codes	Intent	Mechanism/Cause

Appendix D. City and Town Listing by County:

WASHINGTON

• •	•	0 ,	•					
<u>Barnstable</u>	Berkshire (cont.)	Essex	<u>Franklin</u>	Hampden (cont.)	Middlesex (cont.)	<u>Nantucket</u>	Plymouth (cont.)	Worcester (cont.)
BARNSTABLE	W. STOCKBRIDGE	AMESBURY	ASHFIELD	WALES	DUNSTABLE	NANTUCKET	KINGSTON	HOLDEN
BOURNE	WILLIAMSTOWN	ANDOVER	BERNARDSTON	WEST SPRINGFIELD	EVERETT		LAKEVILLE	HOPEDALE
BREWSTER	WINDSOR	BEVERLY	BUCKLAND	WESTFIELD	FRAMINGHAM	Norfolk	MARION	HUBBARDSTON
CHATHAM		BOXFORD	CHARLEMONT	WILBRAHAM	GROTON	AVON	MARSHFIELD	LANCASTER
DENNIS	<u>Bristol</u>	DANVERS	COLRAIN	SPRINGFIELD	HOLLISTON	BELLINGHAM	MATTAPOISETT	LEICESTER
EASTHAM	ACUSHNET	ESSEX	CONWAY	TOLLAND	HOPKINTON	BRAINTREE	MIDDLEBOROUGH	LEOMINSTER
FALMOUTH	ATTLEBORO	GEORGETOWN	DEERFIELD		HUDSON	BROOKLINE	NORWELL	LUNENBURG
HARWICH	BERKLEY	GLOUCESTER	ERVING	<u>Hampshire</u>	LEXINGTON	CANTON	PEMBROKE	MENDON
MASHPEE	DARTMOUTH	GROVELAND	GILL	AMHERST	LINCOLN	COHASSET	PLYMOUTH	MILFORD
ORLEANS	DIGHTON	HAMILTON	GREENFIELD	BELCHERTOWN	LITTLETON	DEDHAM	PLYMPTON	MILLBURY
PROVINCETOWN	EASTON	HAVERHILL	HAWLEY	CHESTERFIELD	LOWELL	DOVER	ROCHESTER	MILLVILLE
SANDWICH	FAIRHAVEN	IPSWICH	HEATH	CUMMINGTON	MALDEN	FOXBOROUGH	ROCKLAND	NEW BRAINTREE
TRURO	FALL RIVER	LAWRENCE	LEVERETT	EASTHAMPTON	MARLBOROUGH	FRANKLIN	SCITUATE	NORTH BROOKFIELD
WELLFLEET	FREETOWN	LYNN	LEYDEN	GOSHEN	MAYNARD	HOLBROOK	WAREHAM	NORTHBOROUGH
YARMOUTH	MANSFIELD	LYNNFIELD	MONROE	GRANBY	MEDFORD	MEDFIELD	W. BRIDGEWATER	NORTHBRIDGE
5	NEW BEDFORD	MANCHESTER	MONTAGUE	HADLEY	MELROSE	MEDWAY	WHITMAN	OAKHAM
<u>Berkshire</u>	NORTH ATTLEBORO	MARBLEHEAD	NEW SALEM	HATFIELD	NATICK	MILLIS		OXFORD
ADAMS	NORTON	MERRIMAC	NORTHFIELD	HUNTINGTON	NEWTON	MILTON	<u>Suffolk</u>	PAXTON
ALFORD	RAYNHAM	METHUEN	ORANGE	MIDDLEFIELD	NORTH READING	NEEDHAM	BOSTON	PETERSHAM
BECKET	REHOBOTH	MIDDLETON	ROWE	NORTHAMPTON	PEPPERELL	NORFOLK	CHELSEA	PHILLIPSTON
CHESHIRE	SEEKONK	NAHANT	SHELBURNE	PELHAM	READING	NORWOOD	REVERE	PRINCETON
CLARKSBURG	SOMERSET	NEWBURY	SHUTESBURY	PLAINFIELD	SHERBORN	PLAINVILLE	WINTHROP	ROYALSTON
DALTON	SWANSEA	NEWBURYPORT	SUNDERLAND	SOUTH HADLEY	SHIRLEY	QUINCY		RUTLAND
EGREMONT	TAUNTON	N. ANDOVER	WARWICK	SOUTHAMPTON	SOMERVILLE	RANDOLPH	<u>Worcester</u>	SHREWSBURY
FLORIDA	WESTPORT	PEABODY	WENDELL	WARE	STONEHAM	SHARON	ASHBURNHAM	SOUTHBOROUGH
GREAT BARRINGTON		ROCKPORT	WHATELY	WESTHAMPTON	STOW	STOUGHTON	ATHOL	SOUTHBRIDGE
HANCOCK	<u>Dukes</u>	ROWLEY		WILLIAMSBURG	SUDBURY	WALPOLE	AUBURN	SPENCER
HINSDALE	AQUINNAH	SALEM	<u>Hampden</u>	WORTHINGTON	TEWKSBURY	WELLESLEY	BARRE	STERLING
LANESBOROUGH	CHILMARK	SALISBURY	AGAWAM		TOWNSEND	WESTWOOD	BERLIN	STURBRIDGE
LEE	EDGARTOWN	SAUGUS	BLANDFORD	<u>Middlesex</u>	TYNGSBOROUGH	WEYMOUTH	BLACKSTONE	SUTTON
LENOX	GOSNOLD	SWAMPSCOTT	BRIMFIELD	ACTON	WAKEFIELD	WRENTHAM	BOLTON	TEMPLETON
MONTEREY	OAK BLUFFS	TOPSFIELD	CHESTER	ARLINGTON	WALTHAM		BOYLSTON	UPTON
MT WASHINGTON	TISBURY	WENHAM	CHICOPEE	ASHBY	WATERTOWN	<u>Plymouth</u>	BROOKFIELD	UXBRIDGE
NEW ASHFORD	WEST TISBURY	WEST NEWBURY	E. LONGMEADOW	ASHLAND	WAYLAND	ABINGTON	CHARLTON	WARREN
NEW MARLBOROUGH			GRANVILLE	AYER	WESTFORD	BRIDGEWATER	CLINTON	WEBSTER
NORTH ADAMS			HAMPDEN	BEDFORD	WESTON	BROCKTON	DOUGLAS	WEST BOYLSTON
OTIS			HOLLAND	BELMONT	WILMINGTON	CARVER	DUDLEY	WEST BROOKFIELD
PERU			HOLYOKE	BILLERICA	WINCHESTER	DUXBURY	EAST BROOKFIELD	WESTBOROUGH
PITTSFIELD			LONGMEADOW	BOXBOROUGH	WOBURN	E. BRIDGEWATER	FITCHBURG	WESTMINSTER
RICHMOND			LUDLOW	BURLINGTON		HALIFAX	GARDNER	WINCHENDON
SANDISFIELD			MONSON	CARLIST		HANOVER	GRAFTON	WORCESTER
SAVOY			MONTGOMERY	CARLISLE		HANSON	HARDWICK	
SHEFFIELD			PALMER	CHELMSFORD		HINGHAM	HARVARD	
STOCKBRIDGE			RUSSELL	CONCORD		HULL	Injuries to Massa	achusetts Residents, 2009
TYRINGHAM			SOUTHWICK	DRACUT		Injur	y Surveillance Program, MA De	epartment of Public Health

Injuries to Massachusetts Residents, 2009
Injury Surveillance Program, MA Department of Public Health
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Appendix E. City and Town Listing by Community Health Network Area (CHNA)

PHILLIPSTON

ROWE

SPENCER

STURBRIDGE

					90. (911111)	
CHNA 1	CHNA 2 (continued)	CHNA 5 (continued)	CHNA 9	<u>CHNA 13</u>	<u>CHNA 18</u>	CHNA 23
ADAMS	ROYALSTON	WALES	ASHBURNHAM	BEVERLY	DEDHAM	CARVER
ALFORD	SHELBURNE	WARREN	ASHBY	ESSEX	DOVER	DUXBURY
BECKET	SHUTESBURY	WEBSTER	AYER	GLOUCESTER	NEEDHAM	HALIFAX
CHESHIRE	SUNDERLAND	WEST BROOKFIELD	BARRE	HAMILTON	NEWTON	HANOVER
CLARKSBURG	WARWICK		BERLIN	IPSWICH	WALTHAM	HANSON
DALTON	WENDELL	CHNA 6	BOLTON	MANCHESTER	WELLESLEY	KINGSTON
EGREMONT	WHATELY	BELLINGHAM	CLINTON	ROCKPORT	WESTON	MARSHFIELD
FLORIDA		BLACKSTONE	FITCHBURG	TOPSFIELD	WESTWOOD	PEMBROKE
GREAT BARRINGTON	CHNA 3	DOUGLAS	GARDNER	WENHAM		PLYMOUTH
HANCOCK	AMHERST	FRANKLIN	GROTON		CHNA 19	PLYMPTON
HINSDALE	BELCHERTOWN	HOPEDALE	HARDWICK	<u>CHNA 14</u>	BOSTON	ROCKLAND
LANESBOROUGH	CHESTERFIELD	MEDWAY	HARVARD	DANVERS	BROOKLINE	
LEE	CUMMINGTON	MENDON	HUBBARDSTON	LYNN	CHELSEA	CHNA 24
LENOX	EASTHAMPTON	MILFORD	LANCASTER	LYNNFIELD	REVERE	ATTLEBORO
MONTEREY	GOSHEN	MILLVILLE	LEOMINSTER	MARBLEHEAD	WINTHROP	BERKLEY
MOUNT WASHINGTON	GRANBY	NORTHBRIDGE	LUNENBURG	NAHANT		DIGHTON
NEW ASHFORD	HADLEY	SUTTON	NEW BRAINTREE	PEABODY	CHNA 20	LAKEVILLE
NEW MARLBOROUGH	HATFIELD	UPTON	OAKHAM	SALEM	BRAINTREE	MANSFIELD
NORTH ADAMS	MIDDLEFIELD	UXBRIDGE	PEPPERELL	SAUGUS	CANTON	MIDDLEBOROUGH
OTIS	NORTHHAMPTON		PRINCETON	SWAMPSCOTT	COHASSET	NORTH ATTLEBOROUGH
PERU	PELHAM	CHNA 7	RUTLAND		HINGHAM	NORTON
PITTSFIELD	PLAINFIELD	ASHLAND	SHIRLEY	<u>CHNA 15</u>	HULL	RAYNHAM
RICHMOND	SOUTH HADLEY	FOXBOROUGH	STERLING	ACTON	MILTON	REHOBOTH
SANDISFIELD	SOUTHAMPTON	FRAMINGHAM	TEMPLETON	BEDFORD	NORWELL	SEEKONK
SAVOY	WARE	HOLLISTON	TOWNSEND	BOXBOROUGH	NORWOOD	TAUNTON
SHEFFIELD	WESTHAMPTON	HOPKINTON	WESTMINSTER	BURLINGTON	QUINCY	
STOCKBRIDGE	WILLIAMSBURG	HUDSON	WINCHENDON	CARLISLE	RANDOLPH	CHNA 25
TYRINGHAM	WORTHINGTON	MARLBOROUGH		CONCORD	SCITUATE	FALL RIVER
WASHINGTON		MAYNARD	CHNA 10	LEXINGTON	SHARON	SOMERSET
WEST STOCKBRIDGE	CHNA 4	MEDFIELD	BILLERICA	LINCOLN	WEYMOUTH	SWANSEA
WILLIAMSTOWN	AGAWAM	MILLIS	CHELMSFORD	LITTLETON	0.00.0	WESTPORT
WINDSOR	BLANDFORD	NATICK	DRACUT	WILMINGTON	CHNA 21	01114 00
0.0.4	EAST LONGMEADOW	NORFOLK	DUNSTABLE	WINCHESTER	CHESTER	CHNA 26
CHNA 2	GRANVILLE	NORTHBOROUGH	LOWELL	WOBURN	CHICOPEE	ACUSHNET
ASHFIELD	HAMPDEN	PLAINVILLE	TEWKSBURY	011114 40	HOLYOKE	DARTMOUTH
ATHOL	LONGMEADOW	SHERBORN	TYNGSBOROUGH	CHNA 16	HUNTINGTON	FAIRHAVEN
BERNARDSTON	MONSON	SOUTHBOROUGH	WESTFORD	EVERETT	LUDLOW	FREETOWN
BUCKLAND	PALMER	STOW	OLINIA 44	MALDEN	MONTGOMERY	MARION
CHARLEMONT	RUSSELL SOUTHWICK	SUDBURY WALPOLE	CHNA 11 ANDOVER	MEDFORD MELBOSE	WESTFIELD	MATTAPOISETT
COLRAIN CONWAY	SPRINGFIELD			MELROSE	CLINIA 22	NEW BEDFORD ROCHESTER
DEERFIELD	TOLLAND	WAYLAND WESTBOROUGH	LAWRENCE METHUEN	NORTH READING READING	CHNA 22 ABINGTON	WAREHAM
ERVING	WEST SPRINGFIELD	WRENTHAM	MIDDLETON	STONEHAM	AVON	WAREHAIN
GILL	WILBRAHAM	VINLINITIAW	NORTH ANDOVER	WAKEFIELD	BRIDGEWATER	CHNA 27
GREENFIELD	WILDRAHAW	CLINIA O	NORTH ANDOVER	WAREFIELD	BROCKTON	CHNA 27 AQUINNAH
HAWLEY	CHNA 5	CHNA 8 AUBURN	CHNA 12	CHNA 17	EAST BRIDGEWATER	
HEATH	BRIMFIELD	BOYLSTON		ARLINGTON	EASTON	BOURNE
LEVERETT	BROOKFIELD	GRAFTON	AMESBURY BOXFORD	BELMONT	HOLBROOK	BREWSTER
LEYDEN	CHARLTON	HOLDEN	GEORGETOWN	CAMBRIDGE	STOUGHTON	CHATHAM
MONROE	DUDLEY	LEICESTER	GROVELAND	SOMERVILLE	WEST BRIDGEWATER	
MONTAGUE	EAST BROOKFIELD	MILLBURY	HAVERHILL	WATERTOWN	WHITMAN	DENNIS
	HOLLAND	PAXTON	MERRIMAC	VVAIERIOVVIN	VITI I IVIAIN	EASTHAM
NEW SALEM NORTHFIELD	NORTH BROOKFIELD	SHREWSBURY	NEWBURY			EDGARTOWN
ORANGE	OXFORD	WEST BOYLSTON	NEWBURYPORT			LDGARTOWN
PETERSHAM	SOUTHBRIDGE	WEST BOYLSTON WORCESTER	ROWLEY			In
FETERSHAM	SOUTHDRIDGE	WURCESTER	NOWLE I			Injury Surveillance P

SALISBURY

WEST NEWBURY

CHNA 27 (continued)
FALMOUTH
GOSNOLD
HARWICH
MASHPEE
NANTUCKET
OAK BLUFFS
ORLEANS
PROVINCETOWN
SANDWICH
TISBURY
TRURO
WELLFLEET
WEST TISBURY
YARMOUTH